U. W. Lient.

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Exercise and Health.

Exercise is a splendid thing for a healthy person. But when the body is weakened by disease, exercise strains rather than strengthens. Exercise will not cure a "weak" stomach. It may increase the appetite, but it won't cure dyspepsia, and an increased appetite is a curse not a blessing to the sufferer from dyspepsia.

Take exercise by all means but also take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery if there is a deranged or diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. This medicine is not a cure-all but a specific for diseases of the stomach and digestive and nutritive system. It strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood, and increases physical vigor.

There is no alcohol contained in "Golden Medical Discovery" and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and every other narcotic. It is strictly a temperance medicine.

"I wish to say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has proved a great blessing to me," writes Mrs. Ellen E. Bacon, of Shutesbury, Franklin County, Mass. "Prior to September, 1897, I had doctored for my stomach trouble for several years, going through a course of treatment without any real benefit. In September, 1896, I had very sick spells and grew worse; could eat but little. I commenced in September, 1897, to take Dr. Pierce's medicine, and in a short time I could eat and work. I have gained twenty pounds in two months."

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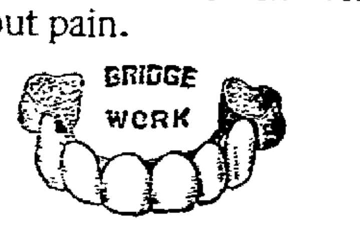

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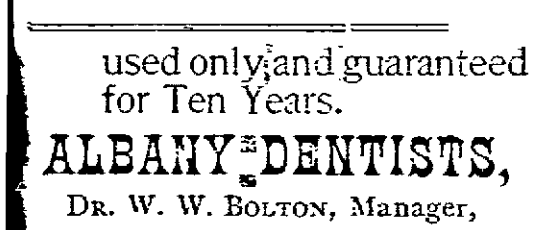

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Under Some Circumstances.

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M. S. QUAY FOR SENATOR.

Pennsylvania's Legislature Again Elects the Beaver Statesman.

VICTORY ON THE FIRST BALLOT.

The Senator-Elect, Who Takes His Seat Thursday, Received 130 Votes in Both Houses—Democrats, With One Exception, Voted For Guffey.

Harrisburg. Jan. 16.—After a memorable struggle, which had continued for several years, Col. M. S. Quay, regular Republican nominee for United States senator, was elected yesterday by the Pennsylvania legislature to fill the vacancy created by the expiration of his term on March 4, 1899. His combined vote in the senate and house was 130, or three more than the number necessary to a choice. The house and senate met jointly at noon today to canvass the vote and declare an election. Mr. Quay's commission has already been prepared and signed, and he will take it to Washington this afternoon. A party of his friends will go with him to be present when he takes his seat in the senate tomorrow.

The Democratic vote was cast almost solidly for Col. James M. Guffey, of Pittsburg, and that of the anti-Quay Republicans was divided among nine "favorite sons." Representative William J. Galvin, of Schuylkill, who voted with the Republicans on the organization of the house, was the only Democrat who voted for Mr. Quay. When he cast his vote the followers of Col. Quay broke into cheers, which continued for more than a minute. Representative L. D. Brown, of Crawford, who was nominated by the Prohibitionists and endorsed by the Democrats and Populists, voted for the Rev. Dr. Silas C. Swallow, the Prohibition leader.

Col. Guffey lost three votes by the absence of Representatives George J. Maloney, of Venango, and Madison A. Garvin, of Adams, who were unable to be present on account of illness, and the pairing of Representative Arthur H. Squier, of Wyoming, with Isaiah R. Haldeman, of Montgomery, Republican. Mr. Squier was present, while his pair was ill at his home with typhoid fever. The vote in detail:

	House.	Senate.	Total.
M. S. Quay	104	26	130
James M. Guffey	44	12	56
John Dalzell	24	10	34
Charles Emory Smith	11	1	12
George E. Huff	6	1	7

Others voted for in the house were: John Stewart, 3; Henry C. McCormick, 1; William McConnay, 1; John H. Harris, 1; Charles Tubbs, 1; Congressman M. E. Olmstead, 1; Dr. Silas C. Swallow, 1. Paired, 2; absent, 3.

The wildest excitement prevailed during the balloting in the house. Long before that body convened at 3 o'clock the chamber was packed with legislators and spectators. The crush for admittance was so great that many members had to be dragged into the hall by the police. The entrances were guarded by a cordon of policemen, who were powerless to cope with the crowd. In a rush to admit Representative Galvin the door in one of the lobbies was broken down and the hall was soon crowded to suffocation.

Before the ballot was taken Charles W. Neeb, of Allegheny, and John H. Thompson, of Centre, Republicans, who were absent on acount of illness when the house organized two weeks ago, presented themselves at the bar and were qualified by Judge Wilson, of Beaver. These members were claimed by both sides, and when they voted for Col. Quay they were heartily applauded by his followers. Thomas K. Beaver, of Juniata, voted for Olmsted, but before the result was announced he changed to Mr. Quay. William P. Winner, of Bucks, who voted with the anti-Quay Republicans on the organization of the house, was absent and unaccounted for.

Before casting his vote for Mr. Quay Representative Thomas J. Reynolds, of Lackawanna, withdrew the name of Congressman William Connell, of Scranton, who was nominated at the organization. Mr. Reynolds said he had been nominated and elected as an anti-Quay Republican, but that he believed in majority rule, and would vote for the caucus nominee. He voted with the anti-Quayites on the organization of the house. Representatives Samuel A. Kendall, of Somerset, and Donald P. McPherson, of Adams, who also voted with the anti-Quayites at the organization, voted for Mr. Quay.

The announcement of the result was followed with much shouting and applause in both houses, during which adjournments were taken until today.

There was much revelry in Harrisburg last night over the success of Col. Quay, and his followers burned red light with an extravagant hand. From the moment the result was known in the house until a late hour the streets were crowded with a hoarse, shouting mass of Quay followers, led by bands of music.

The anti-Quay Republicans issued a long statement last night charging seven legislators with direct violation of signed pledges not to vote for Quay under any circumstances and declaring that "if these Republicans had been true to their pledges the election of Mr. Quay would have been impossible, notwithstanding the perfidy of those Democrats who deserted their party." The accused legislators are: John K. Thompson, of Centre county; John P. McTighe, Allegheny; George C. Hill and George B. Tiffany, Susquehanna; Thomas J. Reynolds, Lackawanna; Benjamin F. Welty, Franklin, and Samuel A. Kendall, Somerset.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, Jan. 10.

A movement is on foot to abolish the whipping post in Delaware.

Thirty-one deaths have resulted from the Rochester orphan asylum fire of last Tuesday morning.

Miss Elizabeth Shifler, a 90-year-old hermit, was burned to death in her hut near Keedysville, Md.

Fred Puterbaugh, aged 12 years, while skating yesterday near Wilkesbarre, Pa., broke through the ice and was drowned.

Frank G. Clarke, representative in congress from the Second New Hampshire district, died in Peterboro, N. H., aged 50 years.

Experiments in Havana prove that mosquitoes spread yellow fever, and that there is no danger from an infected person or infected clothing.

Friday, Jan. 11.

Rear Admiral Thomas F. Phelps, of Washington, died in New York of pneumonia.

Mr. Charles E. Barnes, United States consul at Cologne, Germany, has received his exequatur.

Commander John W. Quackenbush, U. S. N., retired, died yesterday at his residence in Washington.

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, denies the report of a disagreement between himself and William J. Bryan.

Secretary Wilson has addressed a letter to the chairman of the senate committee on agriculture and forestry in defense of the Grout oleomargarine bill.

Saturday, Jan. 12.

At Jackson, Miss., the rainfall in 24 hours amounted to about four inches.

Lord Lionel Cecil, half brother of the Marquis of Salisbury, died in London yesterday.

M. De Witte, the Russian minister of finance, will be created a count at the Russian new year.

According to advices from Berlin the health of Dowager Empress Frederick is again causing anxiety.

Lawrence Martin, aged 20, of Taunton, Mass., hurt in a football game as Fall River on Christmas day, died yesterday of his injuries.

The liabilities of the 16 London stock exchange firms which recently failed aggregate £2,000,000, in one case the figures reaching £900,000.

Monday, Jan. 14.

Thomas M. Patterson, of Denver, succeeds E. O. Wolcott as United States senator from Colorado.

Four hundred fishermen are missing, and they are supposed to have perished in a storm Jan. 10 off the west coast of Japan.

The anthracite miners' convention at Edwardsville, Pa., will take decisive action to prevent strikes for trivial cause.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt, the richest man of his age in the world, was married today at Newport to Miss Elsie French.

J. Y. Paige, for six years past clerk to the comptroller of the currency, died of pneumonia in Washington yesterday, aged 50.

Samuel Lewis, the notorious London money lender and usurer, who has been called the "greatest and meanest of modern Shylocks," is dead.

Tuesday, Jan. 15.

The bill to increase the salary of North Carolina's governor from $3,000 to $4,000 passed both houses.

New Hampshire's legislature elected Judge Henry E. Burnham United States senator to succeed Chandler.

Andrew Carnegie denies the report that the J. P. Morgan syndicate is to purchase the Carnegie Steel company's works.

Mrs. Susan L. M. Ward, widow of Marcus L. Ward, former governor of New Jersey, died at her home in Newark yesterday, aged 86.

The Massachusetts legislature today re-elected George F. Hoar United States senator. Democrats voted for Richard Olney, ex-secretary of state.

The state electoral colleges met yesterday, cast the votes for president and vice president and appointed messengers to convey the votes to Washington.

Wednesday, Jan. 16.

John Hunn was formally inaugurated as governor of Delaware at the county court house at Dover yesterday.

Samuel A. McNeal, the fugitive ex-district attorney of Altoona, Pa., has been taken to that city from the Norfolk (Va.) jail.

A convention for the purpose of urging upon congress the passage of an act providing for statehood will be held at Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 30.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Riotous Mob Executed a Negro at Leavenworth, Kan.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 16.—Fred Alexander, the negro who on Saturday evening attempted to assault Miss Eva Roth, by whom he was identified, and who was supposed to have assaulted and killed Pearl Forbes in this city in November last, was taken from his cell in the county jail by a mob yesterday and burned at the stake at the scene of his alleged crime, half a dozen blocks from the center of the city. Probably 8,000 people witnessed the lynching.

The crowd first attempted to gain admission to the jail by peaceful means, but Sheriff Everhardy sternly refused to give up the negro. Then the jail doors were forced, and the mob soon dragged out the wretch. He had been struck over the head with a hammer, but was conscious. Men fought to get at him and struck savagely at him, hitting only his captors, who guarded him well.

Outside the stockade the crowd surged. Alexander and his captors were surrounded by a solid wall of human flesh. Across Third street and up the hill into the court house yard they dragged him. Then they stopped still.

"Confess before we harm you," said they.

"I am innocent. I am dying for what another man did. I see lots of my friends here: they know I did not do it. If I had been guilty I would have said so at the penitentiary and would have stayed there for life. The warden told me so. The policeman told me so. Would not I have told them if I was guilty?"

When he talked his voice was steady. He spoke with the resignation of a man who sees before him only death.

The negro was taken in a wagon, followed by howling thousands, to the place where Miss Forbes was murdered. He constantly reiterated his innocence. Arriving at the place he was placed on a pile of wood, with hands still shackled, and there bound to an upright railroad iron. Chains and irons were wrapped about him, and with his hands still shackled he was made fast to the post. Coal oil was then poured over him.

Before the match was applied John Forbes, the father of the murdered girl, stepped up to Alexander and said:

"Are you guilty of murdering my daughter?"

"I don't know what you have me here for," said Alexander.

Forbes replied: "For killing my daughter on this very spot."

"Mr. Forbes, if that's your name, you have the wrong man," said the negro.

"Burn him; burn him," cried the crowd.

"Gentlemen, you've got lots of time," said Alexander. "You're burning an innocent man. You took advantage of me. You gave me no show. Can I see my mother?"

A man in the crowd called for the mother, but she was not in the crowd.

Alexander then said: "Will you let me shake hands with all my friends?"

"You have no friends in this crowd, you d—d beast," said one of the men in charge of the negro. "If you have anything to say, say it in a hurry."

Another man then stepped up and said to Alexander: "Make your peace with your God, nigger, for you will surely die."

Coal oil was then applied for the second time, and while it was being done Alexander called to acquaintances in the crowd and said goodbye to them. He talked rationally until John Forbes, the father of the murdered girl, lighted the match. Again Alexander was asked to make a confession, but he replied that he had nothing to say.

As the flames leaped about him Alexander turned a ghastly hue, and clasping his hands together began to sway to and fro while the crowd yelled.

In five minutes the negro was hanging limp and lifeless by the chains that bound him. As soon as the crowd saw that life was extinct it began to slowly disperse. Hundreds, however, stayed to the last.

When the fire had died down sufficiently to allow the crowd to approach the remains of Alexander there was a wild scramble to obtain relics. Bits of charred flesh, pieces of chain, scraps of wood, everything that could possibly serve as a souvenir, was seized on with morbid eagerness.

Governor W. E. Stanley, says a Topeka dispatch, is indignant over the lynching at Leavenworth. He says it will result in the establishment of the death penalty in Kansas, as it should do. Governor Stanley condemns Sheriff Everhardy in unmeasured terms.

Work on Lord Dunraven's cup challenger, at Glasgow, is all done at night, and the greatest secrecy is observed. Even waste scraps are locked up and sealed daily.

At Thomasville, Ga., William Dossa, a young lawyer, son of the sheriff, is charged with killing Emmett Sims from ambush. They were rival lovers of the same girl.

BOSSCHIETER MURDER.

Prosecution Ends Its Case Against Three of the Prisoners.

Paterson, N. J., Jan. 15.—The trial of Walter L. McAlister, Andrew Campbell and William A. Death, three of the four men accused of the murder of Jennie Bosscheiter, a mill girl, under circumstances revolting in their utter lack of humane considerations, commenced yesterday before Judge Dixon, in the Passaic county court of oyer and terminer. George J. Kerr, the fourth man under indictment, was not in court, as he has been granted a separate trial on the ground that he was not present when the fatal dose was administered to the girl.

Before the trial was begun it was expected that at least two days would be necessary to complete the jury, but Judge Dixon carried the proceedings on with such vigor that within an hour after the court was called to order he had empanelled his 12 jurors and heard the opening lines of the address of the prosecuting attorney.

The remainder of the day saw four of the principal witnesses in the case on the stand. Mrs. Nina Bosscheiter, the mother of the unfortunate girl, was one, her daughter Susie another, Christopher Saal, the proprietor of the saloon where it is alleged the drug was administered to the girl, was the third, and Gus Schulthorpe, the hack driver of the horrible midnight ride, was the last. Mother and daughter told of Jennie's life at home and at the mill, telling fully of the incidents just previous to the girl's disappearance.

Of the four witnesses the testimony of Schulthorpe was the most important, as well as the most startling. In his crude, unvarnished way he told to the minutest detail the story of the crime. He graphically described the taking of the almost unconscious girl from the saloon to his victoria and of the ride out of the city and the unspeakable crime committed on the dead or almost dead girl. Kerr only was exempt from participation in the assault which the hack driver described. With brutal roughness, without the slightest attempt to conceal facts under nice words, in the language of the streets, Schulthorpe told the occurrences of that stop on Rock road.

With an array of expert evidence to show the cause of death, the admission of statements made by the police that one of the defendants made a confession of crime, and a sensational interruption of one of the witnesses by one of the prisoners, Prosecuting Attorney Emley tonight announced that the case of the state was complete. When Sergeant McInerney was testifying that Death confessed his complicity in the crime the prisoner jumped to his feet and shouted: "You lie, you lie." His counsel pulled him down, and after the evidence was given by several other detectives Death was summoned to the stand. He told of his arrest and of a number of questions put to him by the police, but he stepped down from the stand without stating what it was he told the police. Judge Dixon then admitted the evidence of the policemen, in which they said Death had confessed. Policeman Perry testified that Death confessed that McAlister put the drug in the girl's wine glass two or three times.

The Texas Oil Find.

Beaumont, Tex., Jan. 16.—The excitement here over the big oil well increases with each hour. There is no indication that the flow of oil from the geyser is diminishing, nor is there any change in the character of the fluid. Capt. Lucas, upon whose land the well is located, is busy making preparations for an attempt to stop the immense flow. The town continues to fill up, and the streets suggest a great holiday event. City property without oil prospects has increased fivefold in value. A lot near the business center which could have been bought last week for $5,000 now is unpurchasable at $20,000.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Philadelphia, Jan. [illegible]—Flour weak; winter superfine, $2.[illegible]; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.[illegible]; city mills, extra, $2.[illegible]2.25. Rye flour dull and barely steady at $2.[illegible] per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat lower and dull; No. 2 red, spot, [illegible]c. Corn quiet and steady; No. 2 mixed, spot, [illegible]c.; new No. 2 yellow, for local trade [illegible]. Oats firm; No. 2 white, clipped, [illegible]; lower grades, [illegible]. Hay steady; choice timothy, $17.50 for large bales. Beef dull; beef hams, $[illegible]. Pork strong; family, $16.25@16.75. Lard firm; western steamed, $7.55. Live poultry quoted at [illegible]c. for hens, [illegible]c. for old roosters, [illegible]c. for spring chickens, 11@11½c. for spring ducks, 9c. for turkeys and [illegible]c. for geese. Dressed poultry at [illegible]c. for choice western fowls, 6½c. for old roosters, 11@12c. for choice and fancy nearby chickens, [illegible]c. for fancy nearby turkeys, 11@12c. for choice to fancy western ducks and [illegible]c. for western geese. Butter firm; creamery, [illegible]; factory, [illegible]; June creamery, [illegible]; imitation creamery, 13½@17c.; New York dairy, [illegible]c.; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at [illegible]c.; do. wholesale, [illegible]. Cheese steady; fancy large fall made, [illegible]c.; fancy small do., 11@11½c. Eggs barely steady; New York and Pennsylvania, [illegible]22c.; western average packed, at mark, [illegible]c.; western [illegible]

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ELOPED IN A BALLOON.

RUSE BY WHICH A DARING AMERICAN WON A SENORITA.

They Were Married After One of the Most Perilous Adventures Two Lovers Ever Experienced — Rage of the Mexican Don at His Daughter's Flight.

Since the world began, lovers have always been equal to the task of uniting their destinies and fortunes in spite of opposing parents and guardians. They have eloped on horseback, escaped the vengeance of irate fathers by sailing across stormy waters, and they have used special railroad trains to put themselves beyond the reach of angry pursuing parents, but in Mexico for the first time a heroic young man and a brave girl used a balloon to escape.

Randall Howard, a wealthy young man, whose home is in Marion county, Mo., went to southern Texas about a year ago to get the benefit of the salubrious climate of the valley of the Rio Grande. He divided his time between Eagle Pass and Del Rio, frequently making excursions into old Mexico. He seemed to be well supplied with money, and being of a jolly, liberal disposition he soon became well known and popular with the best classes of people, both in Texas and Mexico. He was fond of hunting and nothing pleased him better than to collect a crowd of young people and make a trip to the Santa Rosa mountains, where game is abundant and the finest fish in the world are easily caught in the clear waters of the numerous beautiful streams.

During one of these pleasure excursions young Howard made the acquaintance of Don Antonio Sanchez, a wealthy ranchman, and was invited to visit his hacienda.

Howard accepted the invitation and he was warmly welcomed by the old Don's wife and his beautiful daughter.

Not many walks had been taken through the orange groves of the old hacienda, where the frost never gleams and the flowers bloom forever, before the young Missourian became satisfied that the beautiful Spanish girl reciprocated his affection for her. He abandoned his Texas friends and moved his effects to a little village not far from Don Antonio's ranch. Howard had been warned by his sweetheart that her father's remarkable politeness and apparent warm friendship for his guest could not be relied upon to withstand the test of parting with his daughter. "He likes you very well, Senor Howard," the young girl would say, "but he is the son of one of the veterans that Santa Anna led into Texas, and it is hardly probable that he will permit me to marry an American."

The ardent lover soon discovered that the young girl was well informed. One day when the old Don was gradually falling into one of his most hospitable and affectionate moods over a bottle of wine the young man boldly approached the subject. The glass dropped from the old Don's trembling hand and his eyes flashed with rage. The hilarious, amiable host of the previous moment was instantly transformed into a furious human tiger.

"What!" he roared. "My daughter marry a Texas American? Never! Such audacity! I invite you to my hacienda and you take advantage of my hospitality to steal the affections of my innocent child."

As Howard prudently began to rise to his feet, Don Antonio began to shout orders to his peons. To one he said: "Bring me my pistols;" to another. "Lock up my daughter;" and to another, "Call the dogs."

It suddenly occurred to the young Missourian that Texas was a nice country, and it did not take him long to find a trail that led toward a crossing on the Rio Grande.

After sending his sweetheart a letter by a faithful peon he set out for St. Louis, where he developed a plan to accomplish his purpose, which has succeeded after one of the most desperate and perilous adventures that two eloping lovers ever experienced.

Mr. Howard secured the services of an accomplished aeronaut, and after purchasing a good balloon he returned to Texas. Taking several faithful friends into his confidence, he sent a trusty Mexican to the little village of Santa Rosa, which is only a short distance from Don Antonio's ranch, to distribute circulars announcing that Prof. Le Roy, a famous aeronaut, would make a balloon ascension from the plaza of the little pueblo on the 14th of October. Senorita Alma was well informed as to the part that she was expected to act in the plan that her daring lover had devised.

Promptly at the appointed time Prof. Le Roy appeared on the plaza of Santa Rosa and began to inflate his monster balloon. The well-disguised lover mingled with the great crowd that had assembled to witness the ascension. The old Don's curiosity had drawn him to the plaza, where he was walking about, paying little attention to his daughter, for he thought that he had scared her audacious lover far away. As the big balloon began to sway in the air the lovers drew closer together and at a signal from the aeronaut they approached the balloon. When the airship was ready to start on its voyage Prof. Le Roy stepped into the basket and a secret signal was given. Before any one realized what was taking place the daring lovers sprang over the side of the car and accomplices cut the ropes.

The airship shot toward the clouds, but not before Don Antonio had seen his daughter in the arms of the hated American. With the agility of a youth he seized one of the ropes and drawing his revolver, he shouted, "My daughter," and instantly fired. Le Roy seized a knife to cut the rope, but the girl caught his arm. She realized that the balloon was already so high in the air that the fall would kill her father. Howard grasped the situation and with heroic generosity he turned to Le Roy and commanded him to let the airship descend. "I will doubtless lose my life," he said, "but I cannot consent to be responsible for the death of Alma's father."

Don Antonio was still clinging to the rope and rapidly sending pistol balls into the car. The balloon slowly descended until the feet of the enraged father were almost upon the earth. Howard bent over the side of the car, and after cutting the rope he waved his hat at the old Don and shouted: "I will be good to Alma, and when you wish it we will come to see you." The airship, relieved of the weight of the defeated and furious old man, shot upwards again.

The lovers could only hear howls of rage, and they were glad to be beyond the reach of the desperate man who was clenching his fists and shaking his pistols toward them. Some hours afterward the balloon descended near the little city of Del Rio, in Texas, and the lovers took the evening train for San Antonio, where they soon found a priest who made them happy.

On the next day, after writing a letter to Don Antonio informing him of their fortunate voyage and marriage, they started on a bridal tour. Those who are best acquainted with Senor Sanchez says that his rage will soon cool and that it will not be long before he will be ready to welcome and give his blessing to his darling children.—Chicago Tribune.

NO FRAME HOUSES TO BE SEEN.

South Africa Uses a Great Deal of Cement in Building.

South Africa is without a peer as a customer for cement, says United States Consul-General Stowe at Cape Town in a recent communication to the department of state, according to the Washington Star. All the buildings there, he says, all the warehouses, stores and residences, are built of brick, cemented on the outside, and no wood or "frame" houses are to be seen.

The bricks used in South Africa are larger than American bricks, and are "laid up" principally with "mud," the inferior clay found in that region, instead of lime mortar or cement. The cement comes into play in the outside finish of the buildings. It is laid over the whole surface, and the expert Malay masons in South Africa produce very pleasing and unique effects in finishing up caps, columns and mouldings, closely imitating the natural stone in this decorative work. A striking effect is produced by "spattering" some of the larger buildings with cement, which presents a rough exterior very striking and pleasing to the eye, and also durable.

The greater part of the cement imported into South Africa last year, states the consul-general, came from Great Britain, and over 125,000,000 pounds came into the country, all told. "When I left the United States," says Mr. Stowe, "our manufacturers of cement were producing an article which was proved by test to be as good as the English, and that cement ought to find a large market here. While the United States at the present time would be hampered on account of the excessive steamship rates to this country, which would prevent competition with Germany and Belgian cements yet I am convinced, with equal rates, the United States cement could find a market here in large quantities. Cement of the desired quality will never be manufactured here, as the ingredients do not exist."

Billville Literary Notes.

A hot oyster supper was given for the benefit of the Billville library Tuesday evening. There were present seven oysters, six ladies and five authors.

While one of our leading authors was peacefully sweating out a new novel in the autumn woods he was savagely attacked by five wild cats. We don't know what his novel was called, as it is now in the wild cats.

Another author, well known in our midst, went to New York the other day and caught the appendicitis. While at home he never aspired to more than common chills and fever.

The history of Billville will soon be issued in book form. The town was originally named for Colonel Bill, and the bills have been coming in ever since, with painful regularity, on the first of each month.—Atlanta Constitution.

A STORY OF FISH.

It Really Was the Largest One He Ever Caught.

"The biggest fish I ever caught," began the story teller, a scholarly looking party, who evidently knew more about school books than fly hooks, says the Washington Star.

"Got away," interrupted a thin-faced little man, with a nose like a shingle.

"I'm no liar!" the story teller flared up. "This is a true stoy, and I'm prepared to swear to it. It was in the year '89, when we had the hottest summer——"

"I didn't know the summer of '89 was so very hot," said a man in a weather-beaten straw hat.

"If all you didn't know," said the story teller, "was piled on top of you you'd be flatter than a flounder and deader than a mackerel. As I was saying, in the summer of '89 a party of us went to upper Canada on a fishing expedition. It wasn't hot up there a little bit. On the contrary, it was so cold that the ice froze the first night we got there."

"Gosh!" exclaimed the little man with a shingle nose.

"As I was saying," said the story teller, showing genuine gameness, "it froze the first night we got to our fishing ground, but we went out the next morning just the same, and I hadn't been fishing more than fifteen minutes when I had a bite that I thought was going to pull the boat under. I let go of my rod and it went scooting through the water, but I soon got it again, and the fight over the water and under it began in earnest. I hadn't been fishing for a long time and was nervous as the dickens, but I had some sense left, and I didn't intend to let that fish get away if I could help it. I was so excited that I never did know how long I tussled with it, but in time I landed him in the boat, and he was the biggest one I ever caught in my life. I was so ex——"

"How much did he weigh?" eagerly inquired the man in a straw hat as he drew up close to the story teller.

"Exactly half a pound!" said the story teller, as serious as a sermon.

"You think you are smart, don't you?" sniffed the little man with the shingle nose, as he got up and walked outside, where he could get more breathing room.

WISE WORDS.

A fair exterior is a silent recommendation.

To do two things at once is to do neither.

He sleeps well that knows not that he sleeps ill.

Amid a multitude of projects, no plan is devised.

When Fortune is on our side, popular favor bears her company.

He was so generally civil that nobody thanked him for it.

The applause of a single human being is of great consequence.

The true, strong and sound mind is the mind that can embrace equally great things and small.

Knowledge is of two kinds: we know a subject ourselves, or we know where we can find information upon it.

If you have been tempted into evil, fly from it. It is not falling into the water, but lying in it, that drowns.

If each man had the spirit of self-surrender it would not matter to him whether he was doing the work of the mainspring or one of the inferior parts. It is his duty to try and be himself, simply try to do his own duty.

Apology.

"Appearances were against us last week, owing to a blunder of our compositor. We wrote an article as follows: "James Wilson called at our office yesterday and renewed his subscription. Mr. Wilson, it will be remembered, raised this year's prize cabbage head. Little Johnny, who accompanied his father, is a fine little man." The above is the way we wrote it. In setting it up, however, our compositor omitted a period, which made part of it read as follows: 'Mr. Wilson, it will be remembered, raised this year's prize cabbage head, little Johnny, who accompanied his father.' We trust that Mr. Wilson and our army of readers will have faith in our veracity when we assert that no harm was intended."—Indianapolis Sun.

Small Books.

Publishers to-day are bringing out the very best books in the world in pocket sizes, says St. Nicholas. The portable little classics can be carried about and read at odd times, and there is no longer the same excuse for reading trash because it is "more convenient." Reading a little now and then, there is time to think between times, and a good book gains greatly in interest if it be not swallowed at a mouthful. Our readers should remember, when about to buy some book they "ought to read," that it is usually to be had in half a dozen forms at least. When we see certain enormous volumes in fine print of Scott's novels, for instance, we wonder that any one ever had strength, patience and eyesight to read them.

How to Sweep an Invalid's Room.

We all know how untidy a sick room becomes and how annoying the dust of the sweeping is to the patient. "To remedy this" said a trained and capable nurse recently, "I put a little ammonia in a pail of warm water and with my mop wrung dry as possible go all over the carpet first. This takes up all the dust and much of the loose dirt. A broom will take what is too large to adhere to the mop and raise no dust. With my dust cloth well sprinkled I go over the furniture and the room is fairly clean."—United States Health Report.

Upholstery Newness.

Fancy bed sets are dear to every woman, as their dainty appearance relieves the uncompromising plain effect of a bed made up with Marseilles spread and plain pillows. New ideas are to the fore in these sets in French lace, Swiss point, Irish point, spachtel and Renaissance—only the last named has been so run into the ground as to have become not altogether desirable. In curtains the new brise-bise and bonne-femme kinds are far in the lead. Silk and satin brocade and wool tapestry, lead for upholstery, with double-faced velour the favorite portiere. Exceedingly handsome screens of solid mahogany filled with leather panels are just the thing for library, den or living room. For cosy corners and Oriental rooms the assortment of antique. Persian and India embroideries never was so unlimited, or more reasonably priced, too. Bombay carved tables, Koran stands and swing seats to be had in great variety and unique effects are much used for these places.

Necessary to Good Tea Making.

In England and Ireland, where tea brewing is an art, the cosey is considered of as great importance as the pot itself, and brides are sure to receive one or more in handsomely embroidered cloths, silk or velvets among their wedding gifts. But in this country, where the beverage is held in less esteem, the families who appreciate the cosey's use are few. Aside from its pretty appearance, the cosey is a practical adjuct to the tea table, imprisoning as it does the aroma of the brew and keeps the pot and its contents at a high temperature.

The fashions in the shape, texture and decoration of coseys are divers, but the one which will fit the greatest number of pots is made in two sections. Each piece is a perfect semicircle, and the two are stiched together along the rounding edge. A style pretty on any table is made of black cloth, embroidered all over in Japan gold. The seam is concealed by a lacing of gold cord, loops and tassels of the same furnishing a handle at the top. With a Dresden set white satin can be embroidered with tiny flowers and buds in natural colorings. For this the simulated lacings should be of pale rose and sage green, and the lining in pale rose.

Fancy brocades in bright or dull colorings are also effective, but should harmonize with the general colorings of the table.

Cheesestraws.—One cup of flour, one cup of grated cheese, half a cup of butter, water enough to make into a dry crust. Into the flour put one-half teaspoonful of baking powder and a little salt, and, if one likes, a pinch of red pepper. Roll, not too thin. Cut in straws and bake a light brown.

Cauliflower Pickle.—Clean, pick off the leaves and tear the flowers apart; stand in strong brine two days: then drain and steam ten minutes; put in jars while hot, with whole black peppers, allspice and stick cinnamon; mix a tablespoonful of mustard (dry) to a quart of vinegar; pour over flowers while hot; seal.

Salmon Molds.—One pound of salmon, three eggs well beaten, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, one-half cup of milk, two-thirds cup of bread crumbs, four cucumber pickles chopped fine, salt and pepper (save the liquid from the can of salmon for the lemon sauce). Mix all the ingredients well, put in cups and steam thirty minutes.

Creole Kedgeree.—Cook on finely chopped green pepper in one tablespoonful of butter for three minutes; add four tablespoonfuls of stock, one cupful of flaked fish, cooked and freed from skin and bones, one cupful of boiled rice, one hard-boiled egg cut fine and one-half teaspoonful of salt. Cook five minutes and serve on buttered toast.

THE TWIN GENII OF THE CE[illegible]

Part Played by American Inventi[illegible] ius in Electrical Development.

Steam and electricity are the tw[illegible] genii of the century. Together, th[illegible] share the throne, though electricity sways the sceptre. Electro-magnets were employed for propelling machinery as early as 1837, but on a limited scale. In 1855 the first practical experiments were made with the electric spark. Twenty-five years later, Edison, "the wonderful trainboy," was astonishing the scientific world with his demonstrations of the mysterious "white light," which afterwards developed into the arc light and incandescent light, now in universal use. The early machines of Edison, Houston and Brush are now mere curiosities, so far beyond them have we prospered. Electrical engines now supply power for a very large proportion of our machinery. Our cities and dwellings are electrically lighted, our trolley cars, elevators, elevated trains, launches, automobiles, escalators (inclined stairways), are all run by electric[illegible]. Power companies supply electricity to hundreds of factories and pressrooms. There are also electric piano-players, phonographs, X-ray machines, electric cooking stoves, searchlights for our battleships (what a stride since the days of John Paul Jones, and even Farragut), electric fire and burglar alarms, electro-plating machines for gold and silver workers, electrical medical batteries, electrocution for capital offenders and in a hundred other ways the new agent is made to serve man's purposes. Since the historic message of Morse was flashed over the wires, we have erected 189,858 miles of poles and 904,633 miles of land telegraph wires, which are operated from 22,285 offices, and over which 70,000,000 messages were flashed in 1899. The profits last year were $5,868,732.88. Since Cyrus W. Field's first Atlantic cable was laid, in 1858, we have organized thirty cable companies. We now use 1,181,846 long and short-distance telephones in the daily transaction of business. The credit of nearly all of these inventions which have conferred inestimable benefit upon the world, belongs to the tireless inventive genius of Americans. —Success.

The Moose.

When the rains and sunshine of late March and early April have lowered and crumbled the snow, so that traveling again is possible, the moose and deer leave their yards to range the woods, feeding eagerly on the expanding buds and green plants that first appear in woodlands. The moose sheds his lordly antlers, and thereafter, until the autumn finds them renewed, he keeps himself in retirement, shunning the company of his own kind and all other creatures. During the summer, while his budding new horns are yet in velvet, he lies secreted by day in some dense thicket, coming out at night to the still water reaches of stream and lake to feed upon lily-pads and aquatic grass. Here he remains through the hours of darkness, standing or lying in the water or swimming perhaps long distances to fresh feeding-grounds. The cow moose and her calf are less wary, so far as fear of man is concerned, being protected by law from the hunter's rifle at all seasons, but there are enemies in shape of hungry bears and wild-cats that compel her vigilantly to watch over her calf and sometimes to fight for its safety. She seems fully to realize her immunity from danger from man, and often displays great indifference to his presence. Throughout the summer she stays much of the time in the water of still streams and coves in lakes where water-grass and lily-pads grow, with her calf lying in concealment on the bank, but never so far away but that she can come promptly to its rescue if danger threaten.—Harper's Weekly.

Custom Influences Language.

Pomologists, like botanists, find it impossible to enforce the rules of priority in names of fruits and flowers. In fruits the names of Bartlett for a pear and Telegraph for a grape have not been changed in spite of the efforts of leading pomologists and pomological societies to support prior names. Those who lead in these good efforts forget that the only law for language is the law of custom. In a famous grammar we are told "the English language requires the pronoun 'it' for all inanimate objects, but custom had so firmly made the sun a he and the moon a she that we have to accept it." Thus it will ever be. To secure the adoption of a prior name reformers must bestir themselves before custom gets possession of the field.—Meehan's Monthly.

Wasting Forests.

In the vicinity of Grand Rapids Mich., there is a tract of more than 4000 acres of fine timber. The owner has sold the timber on condition that it shall be removed within the next six years. It is thought to be the finest tract of hardwood timber now in the State. The sale, under such conditions, is exciting much attention especially of persons interested in forestry, by whom it is represented to be a deplorable waste.

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Makes Hair Grow

Perhaps your mother had thin hair, but that is no reason why you must go through life with half-starved hair. If you want long, thick hair, feed it. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor, the only genuine hair food you can buy.

Your hair will grow thick and long, and will be soft and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair; it keeps the scalp clean and healthy, and stops falling of the hair.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us $1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our beautiful illustrated book on The Hair. Free.

Chinese Expected Disaster This Year.

Though professing to know nothing beyond the domain of sense, the Chinaman is really an extravagant in the supernatural, writes Sir Robert Hart in the Cosmopolitan. Times and seasons, too, have their meanings for him. In 1898 the eclipse of the sun on the Chinese New Year's Day foreboded calamity, especially to the empire, and in September that year the empress dowager usurped the government; then, as chance would have it, this year, 1900, is one in which the intercalary month for the Chinese year is the eighth, and an eighth intercalary month always means misfortune. When such a month last occurred, that year the Emperor Tung Chih died, and accordingly the popular mind was on the outlook for catastrophe in 1900, and perhaps the people were morbidly willing to assist folk-lore to fulfill its own prophecy.

Art and Letters Hobnob Together.

Literature and art often shake hands. Mr. Du Maurier got more fame from "Trilby" than from Punch, and the late William Page seemed to take more pleasure in the "Sonnets" of Shakespeare, which he would quote by the hour, or as long as he would find listeners, then in painting his "Head of Christ," the principal characteristic of which was that it expressed very much more humanity than divinity.—New York Herald.

A Marvelous Cure.

The Garfield Headache Powders are made from herbs; they cure headaches and are guaranteed harmless and effective.

Recent sales of real estate in Galveston show that current property values are held at only about one-half the figure prevailing prior to the storm.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Dresden is to have, in 1903, a "city exhibition," at which all German towns of over 25,000 inhabitants are to be represented.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYE produces the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

A scientist says the weight of the air which encircles the earth is equal to that of 581,000 cubes of copper, each 1,093 yards square.

Dyspepsia is the bane of the human system. Protect yourself against its ravages by the use of Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

Railways use up over 2,000,000 tons of steel a year, almost half the world's product.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Forty-five alligators in a Milwaukee show died of pneumonia one day recently.

The Garfield Headache Powders Cure.

The formula for these powders is the same as prescribed for years by a prominent physician in his private practice.

On the island of Alaska, 50 miles west of Juneau, a large deposit of gypsum has been discovered.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER

WITH TEN DAY'S FREE WEARING TRIAL in your own home, we furnish the genuine and only HEIDELBERG ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cost; positive guarantee. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 50 ailments. ONLY SURE CURE for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, cut this ad out and mail to us.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

MONEY IN SCRUB PALMETTO.

Long Looked Upon as a Nuisance, the Plant is Found to Be Valuable.

The saw palmetto, or "sabal serrulate," as the scientists call it, is indigenous to the soil of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, in the tidewater sections and just beyond. It is an extremely hardy and vigorous growth. Once its roots are set in a soil they can be removed only by the most industrious and thorough grubbing. In very many places the palmetto scrub covers whole "flats" of many acres with an almost impassable barrier of tangled undergrowth.

Until within the very recent past the saw palmetto has been looked upon as an unmitigated nuisance. The cost of clearing an acre of land of the growth was often much greater than the price of a dozen acres of the rough. Lately, however, the plant has been receiving more consideration. It has been discovered that the saw palmetto is both a source of health and of wealth, and the probabilities are that at a day not far in the future it will be adding largely to the prosperity of those sections which formerly cut down and cast it into the fire. The medicinal properties of it have been found very valuable in the treatment of kidney and other troubles, and various proprietary medicines manufactured from the saw palmetto are now finding their way into the markets.

The roots are rich in tannic acid. Several factories for extracting the acid are already in operation in Florida, and others are projected. Leather tanned with acid from the palmetto is said to be equal if not superior to the best oak or hemlock-tanned stock. As the palmetto costs hardly more than the gathering, acid from it can be produced at less cost than from any other source. The market for it, therefore, is safe. For manufacturing such articles as baskets, mats, hats, etc., it would seem that there ought to be a great field for the palmetto. It was extensively made use of during the war of secession by the women of the south in making such articles, and it is safe to say that thousands of the articles made then are in serviceable condition today, so durable is the material.

One of the most important uses for which the saw palmetto is available, however, is the making of paper. In various parts of Asia, it is said, paper has been made from the stock for many years, and so cheaply that not even our wood-pulp paper has been able to compete with it. Lately a factory for making paper from the saw palmetto has been established at Pensacola, and its product is said to be very good in quality and strong in texture. There is a great and increasing demand for a satisfactory substitute for wood-pulp in paper making. The forests are being rapidly denuded, without adequate steps for their reproduction being taken. Besides, the wood-pulp business is now controlled by a gigantic trust, which is in a position to squeeze consumers at will. The palmetto flats would furnish an inexhaustible supply of paper stock, since so long as the roots are in the ground the tops will be abundantly reproduced. The tops may be cut off every year with the positive assurance that another full crop will be forthcoming the next season. Harvesting palmetto for paper manufacture does not destroy the producing stock. Mr. John H. Stephens of Jacksonville is authority for the statement that the saw palmetto will make the "finest and best paper in the world." That being true, we ought to have paper mills in many parts of south Georgia and Florida within a few years.—Savannah Morning News.

Prince Eddy Gets His Salute.

An amusing incident occurred in the Mall the other morning, when a police constable on duty near St. James's palace suddenly became aware of the fact that a little boy, attired in a sailor costume and wearing a straw hat, was standing gazing up into his face with an air of somewhat astonished surprise. The policeman, a former guardsman of great stature, glanced downward at the lad, and then noticed that a few yards off some nurses in charge of other children were watching, laughingly, instantly recognizing that this was the York house party in charge of the children of the Duke and Duchess of York, the constable gave the military salute. Prince "Eddy's" face immediately cleared, the salute was returned with smart precision, and he scampered off to rejoin his brother, sister and guardians, highly delighted.—London Telegraph.

Evidence of Meanness.

"Mean!" exclaimed the borrowing neighbor. "She's the meanest woman I ever knew. Why, in the week since she's moved in I have only borrowed a little salt, some flour, a few eggs, a bit of coffee, some ice, a tiny bit of baking powder, a broom, a loaf of bread, a hammer, a few tacks and a half-peck of apples, and she had the nerve today to put up on her back door the sign 'Groceries at retail.' Wouldn't that shock you?"—Chicago Post.

FLORIDA'S BLUSHING TREE.

The Secret of Its Foliage Changing Color When Rain Falls.

"Among the many wonders of those strange swamps there is nothing more surprising than the blushing tree," said Albert F. Dewey of Punta Gorda, Fla., who has recently passed a month in the Everglades of Florida.

"The blushing tree," continued Mr. Dewey, "is by no means common. It is found only in the dense thickets of those interminable marshes, whose luxuriant vegetation is a revelation to explorers. It is called the blushing tree by those who know it because it actually blushes when the rain falls upon it. This phenomenon is apparently incomprehensible. It never fails to astound those who see it for the first time. The mysterious and beautiful glow of color which it assumes in a rainstorm baffles description. The Seminole Indians, who once ruled Florida, have always known of the tree, and in their musical language, now fast disappearing, have words which mean the maiden tree which reddens at the coming of her lover, the rain.'

"In company with a taciturn Indian guide I journeyed 30 miles to see this marvellous bit of vegetable life. I could scarcely believe the story he told me, yet curiosity at length overcame incredulity, and we set forth one morning in a small canoe. We spent nearly three days paddling and poling our way over the winding waters. In the afternoon of the third day I began to wonder if he had only been deceiving me for the sake of the boat hire and his pay as guide, when he gave a grunt of satisfaction and pointed to the right.

"Distrustfully I followed him ashore and through the underbrush. Beneath great cypress trees, hoary with the gray hanging moss, and past immense bay trees we wended our way inland. Eagerly he led the way until reaching the edge of a little open space he stopped and with silent pride pointed toward the centre. Gracefully a tree, with broad, banana-like leaves, reared itself aloft. Wide spreading branches hung down, slightly waving in the warm breeze. Its emerald hued foliage was the most beautiful I had ever beheld. It rose to a height of 20 feet and its thick, substantial trunk indicated many years of existence. This, the old Seminole informed me, was 'the blushing tree.'

"I told him to prepare to camp here until it rained, regardless of time. We unrolled our blankets, stretched out mosquito bars, without which one cannot sleep in the glades, cooked supper and rolled up in our blankets for the night. That night, the day following and the next night passed without rain.

"I began to think it would never rain, when about noon a cloud darkened the sky overhead. I put a rubber poncho over my shoulders and fixed my eyes on the green and pretty tree a dozen yards away. It was covered with a greenish insect, the size of a large wood tick, which intensified its color. The rain began to fall in torrents, after its custom in that region. Beside me, grinning confidently with a pipe in his mouth, stood the Seminole.

"As the cold water drenched the tree, I was amazed to note a changing of color. Gradually, yet unmistakably the green hue was giving way to pink. The Indian had told the truth. The tree was blushing at the rain.

"In a few minutes the green had faded from sight. Only in a few, half hidden spots beneath broad branches and on its trunk was there a tinge of green to be seen. The tree was as pink as the cheek of a healthy girl.

"After an hour or more the shower passed over and I watched with no less interest the wonderful tree assume its familiar green once more. As it was changing back to emerald I suddenly realized the secret of the phenomenon. The tiny insects and not the tree itself changed color. These peculiar parasites are possessed of the power of chameleons. In the bright warm sunshine they are greener than the tree on which they live, but when the chilly rain falls upon them they contract their little backs and become a pretty pink in color. Millions of them thus change the tint of the tree. They are found only upon one species of trees which grow in certain parts of the Everglades."—Denver Evening Post.

Gam's Reconnaissance.

When the gallant Welsh captain, David Gam, was sent forward by Henry V to reconnoitre the French army before the battle of Agincourt, he found that the enemy outnumbered the English by about five to one. His report to the king is historic: "There are enough to be killed, enough to be taken prisoners, and enough to run away." This quaint forecast of the result of the battle at once spread through the camp, and doubtless every yeoman-archer of the valiant company felt an inch taller. We know that it was almost literally justified by the event. Poor Gam's dry humor was equalled by his courage. He was killed while in the act of saving the life of his prince.—Argonaut.

THE DISCOVERER OF

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends.

Do not be persuaded that any other medicine is just as good. Any dealer who asks you to buy something else when you go into his store purposely to buy Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has no interest in your case. He is merely trying to sell you something on which he can make a larger profit. He does not care whether you get well or not, so long as he can make a little more money out of your sickness. If he wished you well he would without hesitation hand you the medicine you ask for, and which he knows is the best woman's medicine in the world.

Follow the record of this medicine, and remember that these thousands of cures of women whose letters are constantly printed in this paper were not brought about by "something else," but by

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,

The Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Moral—Stick to the medicine that you ***know*** is Best.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health more than a million women, you cannot well say without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, do not hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and helpful.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 50 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. Letters like the following are coming to us constantly from all parts of the country. If your child is sick, get a bottle of FREY'S VERMIFUGE, a fine tonic for children. Do not take a substitute. If your druggist does not keep it, send 25 cents in stamps to C. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md., and a bottle will be mailed you.

Two men in Middlesboro, Ky., one minus the right foot and the other the left, economize by buying one pair of shoes.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed for-ver. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Nearly 75,000 tons of corks are needed for the bottled beer and aerated waters consumed annually in Britain.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Chicago rules that noisy cows and chickens are no longer to be tolerated in the residence parts of the city.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

July is a month of thunderstorms in Hungary. Last July 33 persons and 286 sheep were killed by lightning.

LIBBY'S

6 Plates of Soup, 10c.

A 10-ct. can of **Libby's Premier Soup** makes six plates of the best soup you ever tasted.

If there was a way to make soup better, we would learn it—but there isn't.

Oxtail	Mulligatawny
Turtle	Mock Turtle
Chicken	Chicken Gumbo
Tomato	Vegetable

Ready-Made Soups.

One can will make you a convert.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Write a postal for our free book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

P. N. U. 1, 1901.

DR. SHAFER The Urine Specialist (Water Doctor) can detect and explain the most complicated chronic disease by the urine; if curable, treat it successfully by mail. Send 4 cents for mailing case for urine. Consultation, analysis of urine; report and book on this new science, free. J. F. SHAFER, D. D., 423 Penn Ave, First Floor, Pittsburg, Pa.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE ITEM,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 18, 1901.

Let People Elect Senators.

The Legislature of this state will have many measures to consider during its present session but, to the mind of this paper, there will be none of more importance, after the appropriation bills, than the one respecting the election of United States senators. The Republican caucus has pledged its members to make provision for the election of senators by popular vote; the people desire that this change be made and there should be no unnecessary delay in enacting the requisite legislation.

The need of such a change is apparent. For two years this great commonwealth has been deprived of one-half its representation in the upper house of congress because there are two elements in the Republican party, neither of which will abate a jot of its repugnance to the other nor vote for a candidate proposed by the other. One element has not been quite strong enough to elect its candidate; the other has only a large enough following to prevent any selection by the state legislature.

To prevent a recurrence of such a condition and to avoid the charges of corruption which are so freely made by reckless and irresponsible men of both elements, the election of a senator should be taken from the legislature and placed directly in the hands of the people. All other officials and representatives are chosen in that way and there should be no difference with reference to senators. The voters have a right to cast their ballots directly for the men selected as candidates to care for their interests in the national assembly of lawmakers.

Beyond all this there should be a change in order that the good name of the Keystone State be not further besmirched. Two years ago and at the present time the stories of bribery and dishonesty and treachery which have gone out from Harrisburg are such as to make the politics of this commonwealth a stench in the nostrils of good men. Many of these tales are false but the impression they make is none the less odious and there should be spared no effort to remove it.

Let the people, as is their right elect the senators by direct vote and Pennsylvania politics will be purer and her fame will be saved many an ugly blot.

Woman Arrested in Men's Clothing.

Howard Quarles, a young cigarmaker, and his wife, of York, determined to leave that place and abandon their child in charge of Mrs. Frank Geltz, with whom they had been living. Mrs. Geltz discovered the plan and had warrants issued for their arrest. Policeman Billet hunted for Quarles along the railroad and found him walking with a well set up young fellow. Quarles was arrested and taken towards the jail, when he told the officer that the young fellow was his wife, dressed in men's clothing. The wife ran and escaped for the time, but was soon after caught hiding behind a lumber pile. The couple were lodged in jail to await a hearing. Mrs. Quarles had her hair cut short and played the part of a young man to perfection.

Severely Injured.

A. D. Arbegast, general foreman of the bridgebuilding department of the Katy Railroad in the State of Texas, with headquarters at Denison in that State, met with a serious accident January 9, while attempting to board a train at Sherman, Texas. Arbegast's injuries were of such a nature that his right leg was amputated below the knee, while the other leg was somewhat injured. The unfortunate man is a brother of Jacob Arbegast, of this place.

"Straid or Swiped"

The following notice was tacked to a roadside in Cumberland county, and handed to us a few days ago:

Straid or swiped—a young hog shote with the left ear cropt and tale gone. Also black spot on the left-hand hip and hole in the other ear. Said hog shote disappeared from premises of undersigned owner at nite under circumstancis pointing to him being stole; said hog shote being a pet and not apt to go off of his own accord. Said hog shote answers to name of Nellie, and he will eat from the hand, and can stand on his hind legs like a dog, and is of affeckshuneate nature. Any one returning said hog shote or letting me know where he is at, will confer a benefit on an invalid lady whose pet said hog shote was.

When threatened by pneumonia or any other lung trouble, prompt relief is necessary, as it is dangerous to delay. We would suggest that One Minute Cough Cure be taken as soon as indications of having taken cold are noticed. It cures quickly and its early use prevents consumption. Randolph Wehler.

Fire at Smith's Station.

The General store of Charles G. Hamme, at Smith's Station, York county, was totally destroyed by fire shortly after midnight, Tuesday morning. The store building, which was about 25x50 feet and a small building attached used as a freight office and postoffice were the property of Peter Stambaugh, of Heidelberg township. Shortly after 12 o'clock Mr. Hamme was awakened by an explosion and upon looking out saw the entire building on fire. Nothing could be saved all attention was directed toward the dwelling house, which was near by. The safe, which was in the small office building, fell out during the fire, and the books which were in it, were the only articles saved. All the contents of the store, postoffice and freight house were consumed. When the fire was discovered, the rear door of the building was open, and some flour was found scattered about. It is thought that the store was burglarized and set on fire by the burglars by accident or in order to hide their crime. The explosion which occurred was doubtless caused by a small quantity of powder which was in the building. Mr. Hamme's loss is about $2,200, with insurance of $1600. Mr. Stambaugh's loss is covered by insurance.

A PROMINENT CHICAGO WOMAN SPEAKS.—Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by all druggists.

Arrested for an Almost Forgotten Crime.

One evening eighteen months ago, the house of Henry Rife and wife, who lived alone in Conewago township, York county, near Strinestown, was entered by two masked men through a second-story window. They secured a trunk and carried it down the ladder to the barn and broke it open. Ten pounds of coffee and a note for $50 against Francis McManus, of York were secured. They then returned to the house, broke open a chest and got $200 in cash. The couple had not yet retired for the night, and Mrs. Rife, hearing the noise, fell fainting to the floor. The burglars fled with their booty, leaving the ladder leaning against the house. The aged couple remained silent until morning, when the robbery became known. Mrs. Rife never survived the shock and died in July of that year. Her husband lived until last Wednesday a week.

Squire Lehr, Constables Myers, Charles White, Nicholas and Berry have been working on the case for months and the first two have succeeded in running down Winfield Gross and son Oliver, living about one mile from the deceased couple. Henry Rife, of Newberry township, a son of the deceased, Saturday made information against these men and Constable Myers Monday arrested and placed them behind bars. Winfield Gross, it is alleged, is the leader of a mountain gang and was arrested five or six times during the past year.—Herald.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the B. & H. Division of the W. M. railroad company Captain A. W. Eichelberger was elected President and the following were chosen directors: J. M. Hood, C. W. Slagle, Reuben Young, Col. John C. Legg, R. M. Wirt, L. P. Brockley, H. E. Young, John A. Swope, J. N. Slagle and Geo. W. Albaugh. After the election the Board organized and elected the following officers: Secretary, R. M. Wirt; Treasurer, J. T. M. Barnes.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm name of G. W. SMITH & Co., in the Borough of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., has been mutually dissolved this 15th day of January, 1901. All persons knowing themselves indebted thereto will please make settlement, and those having claims to present them for payment.

EMMA M. SMITH
G. W. SMITH.

The business will be continued in all its branches, as heretofore, by the undersigned.

G. W. SMITH.

For Rent.

One of the best stands in York County for buying wheat, selling feed and making flour. The property is known as the GOLDSBORO MILL, situate at Goldsboro, Pennsylvania. It comprises

A Complete Roller Mill,
An Elevator with a Storage Capacity of 10,000 Bushels.
A Miller's House,
A Bank Barn.
Sixty Acres of Land in a fine state of Cultivation,
N. C. R. R. Switch running along side of Mill.

For further information Address
P. A. & S. SMALL, YORK, PA.

Persons who suffer from indigestion can not expect to live long, because they cannot eat eat the the food required to nourish the body and the products of the undigested foods the do eat poison the blood. It is important to cure indigestion as soon as possible, and the best method of doing this is to use the preparation known as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and restores all the digestiee organs to perfect health. Randolph Wehler.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Mrs. Lydia Menges, late of Oxford township, Adams County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of Administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated for payment, and those indebted thereto will please make immediate settlement.

PETER MENGES,
DANIEL MENGES, Administrators.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of NICHOLAS LINGG, late of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of Administration, d. b. n. c. t. a. on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same are hereby notified to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted thereto, will please make immediate payment.

HENRY LINGG, Admr.
Emmitsburg, Md.

McClean & McClean, Attys. Gettysburg

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Lingg, late of New Oxford, Adams County, Pa., deceased.

THE undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Lingg, late of the Borough of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE OASTER, Executor.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Mrs. Elizabeth Grove, late of New Oxford Borough, Adams county, dec'd.

Letters of Administration, c. t. a., on the above named estate have been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for payment, and those indebted thereto, will please make immediate payment.

JOS. E. BOWSER,
Administrator, c. t. a.
East Berlin, Pa.

C. W. STONER, Attorney.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Attorneys in Fact for the heirs of JAMES STAUB, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, hereby give notice to all creditors to present their claims against said estate without delay and those indebted to make immediate payment.

JOHN L. STAUB,
ISRAEL STAUB.
Attorneys in Fact, New Oxford, Pa.

Or their Atty, WM. HERSH, Gettysburg, Pa.

ORDINANCE No. 72.

Ordaining Ridge Avenue in the Borough of McSherrystown, Adams County, Penn'a.

Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of McSherrystown and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same:

SEC. 1. That a street to be known as Ridge Avenue, be adopted and ordained as follows: Having a width of 55 feet—27½ feet each side of a center line, beginning at an iron pin on the East boundary line of the Borough of McSherrystown, running thence South 63 degrees and 32 minutes West 165 feet 9 inches through land of C. D. Smith to an iron pin in the east side of an alley line west of the Oxford road. From this 2nd iron pin hereinbefore mentioned, and for the remainder of its course Ridge Avenue shall have a width of 60 feet, extending 30 feet each side of the center line running South 64 degrees, West through lands of C. D. Smith 1123 ft. to an iron pin at the center of 5th street, thence on the same course 358 feet through lands of Mrs. C. D. Smith and F. P. Small to an iron pin at the center of 4th street, thence on the same course 1079½ feet through lands of F. X. Smith, Michael Sheffer and Jos. V. Stambaugh estate to an iron pin at the center of 3rd street, thence on same course 385½ feet through land of Vincent O'Bold to a stake on line of an alley known as Church Street Alley.

SEC. 2. All ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Enacted and ordained this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900.

CHAS. MILLER, President.

Attest: JOS. BURKEE, Sec'y.

Approved this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900. JAS. H. POIST, Burgess.

ORDINANCE No. 73.

Ordaining Fifth Street (Extended,) in the Borough of McSherrystown, Adams County, Pa.

Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of McSherrystown, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same:

SEC. 1. That a street to be known as Fifth Street Extended be adopted and ordained as follows:—Having a width of 48 feet—24 feet on each side of a center line, beginning at a stone for the center line on the South side of North Street, thence through lands of Mrs. C. D. Smith and John H. Krichten 143 feet to an alley, thence through lands of C. D. Smith and Mrs. C. D. Smith, Henry Noel and Vincent O'Bold 646½ feet to a stone on the boundary line of the Borough of McSherrystown, Pa.

SEC. 2. All ordinances inconsistant herewith are hereby repealed.

Enacted and ordained this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900.

CHAS. MILLER, President

Attest: JOS. BURKEE, Sec'y.

Approved this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900. JAS. H. POIST, Burgess.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed at the ITEM office. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Underwear & Blankets!

We are overstocked on these and

They Must Move Now.

We make the price to make them go.

-:G. B. NACE & SON.:-

Next Door to Saving Fund Society, HANOVER, PA.

We want Two Tons more of Good Carpet Rags before March 1st.

NEW OXFORD Bargain Grocery Store.

POTATOES and CABBAGE.

We have on hand at all times several hundred bushels of Potatoes to sell at bottom prices. Will also have at all times a lot of Cabbage.

Don't forget about Merry War Lye, 4 boxes for 25c, good as any others at 3 for 25c.

Happy New Year TO ALL.

As we are now approaching the New Year come see our New Year Prices, as we are in a position to sell at lowest cash prices. Especially such as Sugars & Coffees.

Extra nice Peaches at 9c.—3 lbs. for 25 cts.
Prunes 5c. per lb.

Remember this is the place to buy **Tin, Granite and Chinaware** cheap.

GOODS DELIVERED TO YOUR DOOR.

Bring along your Eggs, Lard, Cured Meats, Chickens, Calves, &c., I have a retail route in the city for ALL COUNTRY PRODUCE and therefore can **pay the highest price** in trade. If you can't take all in trade I will pay the differnce in cash at highest cash price.

E. E. FREED,

(Successor to C. E. Diehl,) Carlisle St., NEW OXFORD, PA.

ORDINANCE No. 74.

Ordaining Fourth Street, in the Borough of McSherrystown, Adams County, Penn'a.

Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of McSherrystown and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same:—

SEC. 1. That a street to be known as Fourth Street (Extended,) be adopted and ordained as follows:—Having a width of 48 feet—24 feet on each side of a center line as follows: Beginning at a stone in the center of North Street at lands of F. P. Small, F. X. Smith and Vincent O'Bold, thence North 16 degrees West, 809 feet to the Borough line.

SEC. 2. All ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Enacted and ordained this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900.

CHAS. MILLER, President.

Attest: JOS. BURKEE, Sec'y.

Approved this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900. JAS. H. POIST, Burgess.

ORDINANCE No. 75.

Ordaining Stambaugh Street, in the Borough of McSherrystown, Adams County, Penn'a.

Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of McSherrystown, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same:—

SEC. 1. That a street, to be known as Stambaugh Street, be adopted and ordained as follows: Having a width of 30 feet—15 feet on each side of a center line as follows:—Beginning at a stake at north side of North Street at lands of Stambaugh estate, thence North 25 degrees West, 529 feet and 11 inches to Ridge Alley.

SEC. 2. All ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Enacted and ordained this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900.

CHAS. MILLER, President.

Attest: JOS. BURKEE, Sec'y.

Approved this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900. JAS. H. POIST, Burgess.

ORDINANCE No. 76.

Ordaining Ridge Alley, in the Borough of McSherrystown, Adams County, Penn'a.

Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of McSherrystown, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same:—

SEC. 1. That an alley, to be known as Ridge Alley, be adopted and ordained as follows: Having a width of sixteen feet, 8 feet on either side of the center line as follows:—Beginning at a stake in the center of Fifth Street at lands of Mrs. C. D. Smith, thence South 64 degrees West, 2040 feet and 3 inches to a stake at the east side of Church Street Alley.

SEC. 2. All ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Enacted and ordained this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900.

CHAS. MILLER, President.

Attest: JOS. BURKEE, Sec'y.

Approved this 12th day of December, A. D., 1900. JAS. H. POIST, Burgess.

Your Size and Shoe of Value

is here. Couldn't be otherwise. Got an immense stock of

Ladies Shoes

and all are of excellent quality—some welted, some hand turned, high and low, kid and calf, some with vesting top, all our stylish lasts sure to give satisfaction. Here's a hint to economists.

McKINNEY & SHULTZ

CASH SHOE STORE,

17 Baltimore Street, HANOVER, PA.

Full Line Blank Books & Stationery.

PUBLIC SALE

of Real Estate & Personal Property

Saturday, January 19th, 1901, the undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Lingg, late of the Borough of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., dec'd, will sell at public sale on the premises,

A LOT OF GROUND fronting on West High Street, in the Borough of New Oxford, improved with a good 2-Story Frame Dwelling House, Well of good Water, Fruit Trees, &c.

Also at the same time and place will be sold the following personal property:—Cook Stove & Fixtures, small Coal Stove & Pipe, 3 Bedsteads and Bedding, lot of bedclothes, about 40 yards of Home-made Carpet, 3 chests, 1 Lounge, 3 Tables, chairs, rocking chairs, sink, large cupboard with glass fronts, lamps, 8-day clock, tin, glass and queensware, iron kettle, small brass kettle, ax, spade, hoes, tubs, buckets, benches, barrels, lot of new brooms, dried fruit, and many articles not mentioned. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. Terms made known by

GEORGE OASTER, Executor.

Public Sale

—OF—

Stocks & Bonds!

Saturday, January 26, 1901,

The undersigned, Administors of the estate of Deliah D. Feiser, late of New Oxford Borough, dec'd, will sell at the Eagle Hotel, New Oxford, Pa., the following:—

10 Shares of Stock of Farmers & Merchants Bank, New Oxford.

5 $100 New Oxford Borough Water Bonds.

Sale at 1 o'clock p. m. Terms by

A. F. FEISER,
A. S. FEISER,
M. D. FEISER,
} Administrators

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DE WET'S DESPERATION.

Brutal Treatment of Three Commissioners Who Urged Peace.

ONE OF THE MEN EXECUTED.

All Three Were Flogged by Order of the Boer Commander, and the One British Subject in the Party Was Then Shot.

London, Jan. 14.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener:

"Pretoria, Sunday, Jan. 13: About 1,400 Boers crossed the line, attacking both Zuurfontein and Kaalfontein stations, but were driven off. They are being pursued by a cavalry brigade."

Lord Kitchener reports also several skirmishes at different points, with trifling British losses, and adds:

"Three agents of the peace committee were taken as prisoners to De Wet's laager, near Lindley, Jan. 10. One, who was a British subject, was flogged and then shot. The other two, burghers, were flogged by De Wet's orders."

Last Friday night the Boers cut the wires between Irene and Olifantsfontein stations. Early Saturday morning 800 Boers, under Commandant Beyer, invested Kaalfontein station. A hot rifle fire and shell fire, with two field pieces and a Maxim, was maintained for six hours.

An armored train and reinforcements were sent from Pretoria, but before they arrived upon the scene the garrison had driven off the Boers, who retired unmolested with a transport train half a mile long. The Boers blew up the line beyond Kaalfontein, compelling the mail train to return here.

It is supposed their object was to obtain supplies, a great quantity of which is stored at Kaalfontein.

The British had no casualties.

The brief report of the fate of the three members of the peace commission excites the deepest indignation on all sides. One or two papers express a hope that Lord Kitchener has been misled by false Kaffir reports, but it is generally felt that he would not have reported the matter to the war office without undoubted evidence.

The Daily Mail heads the report with the word "murder," and declaims against any further attempt to coax the enemy into submission. "De Wet has placed himself outside the pale of humanity," says The Daily Mail, "and not proclamations, but large reinforcements must be our watchword."

The Morning Post says: "This marks the point where the guerilla phase ends and the bandit phase begins."

All the papers appeal strongly to the government to hurry forward reinforcements, since it is evident that the Boer leaders have now become desperate and conciliation is quite useless.

The Pretoria correspondent of The Daily Mail announces the return to Pretoria of Mr. Pretorius, a former president of the late South African republic, from a futile endeavor to persuade the Boer leaders to surrender.

Details of the attacks upon Kaalfontein and Zuurfontein stations show that there were only small garrisons of about 120 men at each station. The British had excellent trenches, which enabled them to withstand the attacks until the Boers, having ascertained that reinforcements were coming to the garrisons, retired. At Zuurfontein a party of Boers in khaki succeeded in capturing a British patrol of eight men, whom they subsequently liberated. The railway and telegraph lines will be speedily restored.

No further news has been received regarding the invasion of Cape Colony.

Fisherman's Ghastly Find.

Rochester, Jan. 14.—While fishermen were angling through the ice on Conesus lake one of them, after a difficult pull, landed his hook, and was horrified upon examination to find clinging to the line a mass of tangled human hair, apparently that of a woman. The men were not far from the site of the Degarmo Cottage, where last fall occurred the tragic death of little Marie Lennon. William Degarmo, Jr., is now under arrest, charged with the murder of the Lennon girl. Mrs. Lennon, the child's mother, disappeared about the time the child died and a double interest now attaches to the fishermen's find. The lake will be dragged.

The Boers Inured to Hardships.

Brussels, Jan. 14.—A conversation yesterday Dr. Leyds and Mr. Abram Fischer, the Boer representatives, declared that "Great Britain is still under false impressions concerning the war, as she always has been," and that "the Boers are fully resolved to continue the struggle and are as hopeful now, as they were a year ago, of preserving their independence." They also asserted that "Great Britain cannot make enormous sacrifices eternally and has retained the friendship of the great powers at a terrible cost." They admitted that the Boers were suffering hardships, but said that hardships were the normal life of the burghers.

Row in a Brazilian Legation.

Paris, Jan. 14.—Ex-General Ulrich, of the Brazilian army, who is of French nationality, has created a scandal at the Brazilian legation. While in Paris on a visit he ran short of funds, and applied to the legation for money to return to Brazil. He was informed that the legation could not comply with his request, because he was not a naturalized Brazilian. He flew into a rage and savagely attacked the consul, the secretaries and the chancellor of the legation. The services of three policemen were necessary to overpower him and to remove him to the police station.

ORGANIZED FOR MURDER.

Many Brutal Filipinos Sentenced to Death or Long Imprisonment.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Copies of general orders from the Philippines received here show that a large number of native Filipinos have been convicted of murder and other crimes and sentenced to be hanged or to long terms of imprisonment. In one case the accused belonged to an organized band, which, under the name of "Guardia de Honor," had for its declared object the murder of peaceful and unoffending victims, if found necessary to gratify a desire for revenge or a feeling of envy against the rich. "These inhuman methods," says Gen. MacArthur, "remove all the participants, whether chief or willing followers of the bands, from the pale of the law and place them among that class of cowardly and secret assassins which all civilized men the world over hold to be enemies of mankind."

A native named Vincente Prado established a camp in a strong position difficult of access in the mountainous district near Rosario, in Union province. There he entrenched his camp and erected buildings for a band of armed outlaws which he gathered about him. Recently two Americans were taken into the camp as prisoners and for no assigned reason other than that "they were enemies," they were ordered to instant death. Shortly afterwards two Iggorrotes, a man and a woman, were taken before Prado and charged with being American spies. Without any attempt at proof of or form of trial they were ordered to be immediately executed. In both instances Prado personally witnessed the bloody execution. In pursuance of Prado's orders the presidente of Rosario and his son were killed and 103 houses destroyed by fire.

Prado and his chief assistants were sentenced to be hanged.

JOINT NOTE SIGNED AT LAST.

The Latest Report Comes Direct From China's Capital.

Pekin, Jan. 14.—The joint note of the powers has finally been signed by the Chinese peace commissioners. Prince Ching signed Saturday and Li Hung Chang, who is better, signed it yesterday.

It is understood that the malady from which Li Hung Ching is suffering is Bright's disease. He was feeling worse Saturday, and therefore postponed the affixing of his signature.

Prince Chang has protested to the court against the appointment, said to be contemplated, of Viceroy Chang Chih Tung as a plenipotentiary in the place of Li Hung Chng. He thinks the latter's advice absolutely essential, although he believes it might be advisable to appoint a third plenipotentiary for China, and reiterates his desire for the appointment of Sheng, who would be acceptable to the foreigners.

So far as Chang Chih Tung is concerned, the envoys who know him personally say that, while he is strongly anti-foreign, and has never made any secret of his likes and dislikes, they believe he would be a satisfactory representative of the Chinese, and there would not be any objections to him on the score of his recent utterances. Indeed, some of the ministers think it would be wise for China to make Chang Chih Tung a plenipotentiary.

Most of the envoys have received word from their governments that the negotiations must be conducted in Pekin, on the ground that for various reasons other places suggested would be objectionable.

Murdered by Burglars.

Portland, Me., Jan. 14.—Thomas C. Moshier, a farmer, aged 25, was murdered and his sister, Mrs. Rufus Moshier, aged 72, was brutally assaulted at their home in Gorham Saturday evening by two men who forced an entrance into the Moshier residence with the evident intention of robbing. After completing their ghastly work the men ransacked the house, taking whatever valuables they could find. One of the men was a negro. Yesterday William Hands, a negro, was arrested at Scarboro. In his possession were found a bloodstained razor marked with Moshier's name, $40 in money, consisting chiefly of bills, which were also stained with blood, and a watch. His hands and clothing were soiled and bloody. The man says he left his companion in Portland.

Fatal Panic Started Maliciously.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Four persons who were reported missing Saturday night after a panic in Twelfth Street Turner Hall, during which five persons were trampled to death, were accounted for yesterday. Although there were more than two score of persons badly hurt, it is thought now that none will die. In the Jewish quarter it is repeatedly asserted that the panic was started with malicious intent. Hugo Oldstein, a cripple, has informed the police that just a few minutes before the false cry of fire was raised a young man accosted him at the foot of the stairs leading to the hall and advised him to get out of the way, saying that there "would be something doing in a few minutes."

Terrific Explosion of Dynamite.

Burlington, Vt., Jan. 14.—Fourteen hundred and fifty pounds of dynamite exploded along the line of the Rutland Canadian railroad, about eight miles from this city, in a storehouse where it was being heated by steam. No one was near the building, which was completely demolished and an immense hole blown in the ground. The workmen were all at dinner. The shock was terrific, shattering windows a mile or more away. It was distinctly felt and heard in this city, people rushing out of houses to see if a boiler near by had exploded.

THE VANDERBILT-FRENCH WEDDING.

The Ceremony Greatly Simplified at the Bride's Request.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 14.—The wedding of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt and Miss Elsie French took place at noon today, and the entire ceremony did not occupy more than seven minutes. Although the wedding took place at St. John's, one of the highest Episcopal churches in the city, the program of the ceremony, at the request of Miss French, was greatly simplified. The choir boys were in attendance, but sang only twice, and did no marching. At the conclusion of the ceremony all of the guests were driven to the French residence. It is expected that Mr. Vanderbilt and his bride will leave on their honeymoon about 3 o'clock this afternoon. It is rumored that they will go no farther than Rivertown, six miles up the island, where Mr. Vanderbilt has an extensive country seat.

The last of the 150 wedding guests came yesterday, the principal arrivals being William K. Vanderbilt, who came on a private car Saturday afternoon, and Senator Chauncey M. Depew, who arrived by boat last night. Mr. Vanderbilt journeyed in a specially made up train, which included the private car of Mr. Seward Webb and the cars of two other railroad officials. Mr. Vanderbilt was met by his nephew at the station, and the party was at once driven to "The Breakers," the well known residence of Cornelius Vanderbilt at Ochree Point. Last night Mrs. Vanderbilt entertained a large house party, as did also her son-in-law, Mr. Harry Payne Whitney, who married Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt in this city three years ago.

DROVE OFF BANK ROBBERS.

Plucky Policeman Attacked a Gang of Six at Cumberland, Md.

Cumberland, Md., Jan. 14.—Officer Charles W. Goss, of the city police force, surprised a gang of men attempting to rob the German Savings bank, at an early hour yesterday morning. He engaged in a single handed battle with three of the men who were already in the bank and one acting as sentinel on the corner. Goss is sure he hit two as they came out of the bank door, one in the back and one in the arm. He emptied his revolver from a vantage point behind the shadow of a telegraph pole, and all the men shot in his direction a number of times. Five bullet marks were left on the pole. The gang ran down Baltimore street and made their escape out the West Virginia Central railroad tracks, terrorizing the few persons they met on the way by indiscriminate firing. They probably number six persons, armed with Winchester shotguns and large revolvers. They shot at the operator of the West Virginia railroad as he raised the window at the station, a bullet crashing through the glass. They also shot at another policeman. Nothing was stolen from the bank. Afterwards the gang committed two small robberies in south Cumberland. They are still at large. The bank has offered a reward of $250 and voted $50 to Goss.

The Jeffries-Ruhlin Fight.

Cincinnati, Jan. 14.—The agitation over the Jeffries-Ruhlin fight here next month continues, together with informal conferences. Mayor Fleischmann left for New York, to be gone a week, and he left his ultimatum with the Saengerfest Athletic association. The mayor said: "As the matter presented itself to me at the Friday meeting the application for the permit was not for the purpose of giving a sparring contest, but for the purpose of 'getting out' of giving a sparring contest. I told the gentlemen present at the conference that if they went on with their arrangements the permit would be in their hands two days in advance. It is well understood that this permit will be for a sparring contest, and for nothing else."

Norfolk Will Publish a Statement.

Paris, Jan. 14.—The Duke of Norfolk, who, during the reception to English Roman Catholic pilgrims by the pope last Tuesday, expressed a hope that the new century might witness the restoration of the Roman pontiff to a position of temporal independence, passed through Paris yesterday, accompanied by 200 of the pilgrims, en route for London. He declined to be interviewed regarding the sentiments he had expressed to Leo XIII, saying that he expected to publish a statement in the course of a few days.

Lived in Three Centuries.

Pender, Neb., Jan. 14.—Word was brought here Saturday that No Knife, the last chief of the Omaha Indian tribe, died at the home of his son, Matthew Tyndale, on the reservation at the advanced age of 115. He is believed to be the oldest resident of Nebraska. He had lived in three centuries. He was never ill, at least within the memory of any living relation or acquaintance.

Indians' Claims Against Uncle Sam.

Syracuse, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Attorney J. B. Jenkins, of Oneida, representing the Indians of the Six Nations in the claims against the government, is preparing a bill to be introduced in congress appropriating $10,000 for the expenses of distributing the $3,000,000 award made to the red men.

Ice Blockade Threatens St. John's.

St. Johns, N. F., Jan. 14.—Northern ice floes drifting along the Atlantic coast now threaten to blockade St. Johns. They are already within sight of the port. The coastal steamer Virginia, bound north with provisions for coast settlements, was compelled to abandon the voyage owing to her inability to penetrate the ice barrier. Incoming vessels report that the floes are sweeping outward toward the track of the trans-Atlantic steamers.

STOP! LOOK!

And Come See The Boys.

What is wrong with

The Two Curts?

Bound to be on top.

Give us a call and learn how cheap we sell

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, &C.

DIEHL & SPONSELLER,

Plymire's Old Stand, Center Square, NEW OXFORD.

P. S.—Remember we continue the Restaurant in connection with the store as heretofore.

Painless Dentistry.

We are positively the on PAINLESS Dentists in York County.

We Fill Teeth Without Pain.
We Extract Teeth Without Pain.

OUR plates for beauty, wear, style and fit can't be beat. We have

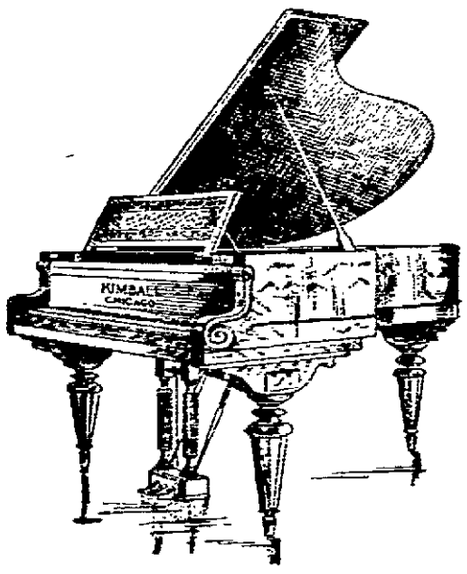
A Thousand Sets of Teeth

for you to select from. Office open day and night.

C. P. RICE, D. S.

13 SOUTH GEORGE STREET,
Opposite Colonial Hotel, YORK, PA.

BEAT OUT OF AN INCREASE OF HIS PENSION.—The Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48 I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all druggists.



Geo. E. Spangler,

—Dealer in—

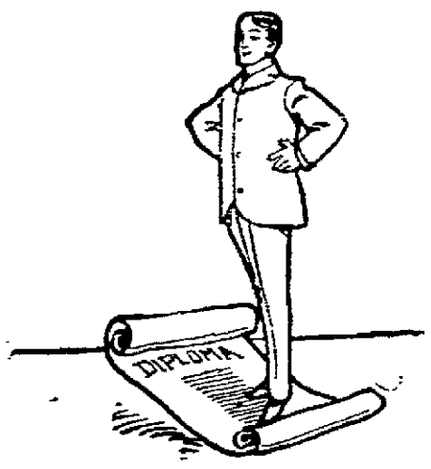
PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Steiff, Steinway, Kimball, Whitney, Hinze, and others.

Farren & Votey, Kimball, Carpenter, Wilcox & White, & Chicago Cottage Organs.

Phonographs, Music Boxes, and Musical Merchandise. Music Strings, etc. Sold on easy payments if desired.

Rooms 30 York St., Gettysburg.



STANDING ON YOUR OWN MERITS.

With a diploma of our College in your possession, you need no political "pull" or influential friend to help you to success, but can stand on your own merits and advance surely to the front. Isn't it worth trying.

Three Courses of Study,

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND, AND TYPEWRITING, ENGLISH.

Graduates cheerfully assisted to positions. Write for interesting circulars, specimens of penmanship, etc. Now is the time to enter. Address

Patrick's Business College,
New Gehly Building, York, Pa.

Subscribe for the ITEM. Only $1.

FURNITURE!

You Can't Believe

all you hear, but you can believe everything you see with your own eyes.

That is why we want you to come here and see what our values are—what our prices are. There are

Bargains in

plenty here, along just the line you need now. Our stock of

FURNITURE

is complete in every particular, and no matter what you need in that line we can finish you at the right prices.

Undertaking a Specialty.

A. S. FEISER,
NEW OXFORD, PA.

KEYSTONE CATTLE COMFORT.

A Boon to Live Stock.

Brings Ease and Quiet throughout the Entire Day.
Needed in Every Stable
Needed on Every Farm.

Saves your Horses, Mules and Cows from torture by Flies, Gnats and Mosquitoes.

Cattle grazing are relieved from the noxious effects of Horn Flies.

It destroys Fleas on Dogs and Cats. Lice on Fowls, and if applied to the perches in a hennery it prevents the spread of lice.

Roaches and Croton Rugs will not stay and Flies will not light where it is applied.

KEYSTONE CATTLE COMFORT is unlike all other preparations. It is detrimental to Insects but Anticeptic and Healthful to Animals.

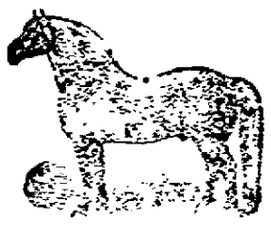
MANUFACTURED BY

J. L. EMLET, Druggist,
HANOVER, PA.

A CAR LOAD OF

FINE HORSES,

IN ABBOTTSTOWN.



Tuesday, January 22, 1901.

The undersigned will receive at his stables in Abbottstown, on the above date, a car load of fine horses, which will be for sale or exchange. Among the lot are some drivers, saddlers and general work horses. Call to see them.

F. K. HAFER.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Army Reorganization Bill Still Leads in the Senate.

A VOTE EXPECTED THIS WEEK.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The army reorganization bill will continue to engage the attention of the senate at least during the first days of the present week. The opinion is quite generally expressed among senators that the bill will be acted upon by the middle of the week, and even the critics of the measure join in this prediction. Many phases of the question involved in the army bill remain to be considered, and the general understanding is that there will still be no little discussion before the bill can be disposed of. The speech of Senator Platt, of Connecticut, on Friday last in defense of the bill on general principles will call for replies, and there are also special features which will require more or less attention. Among these are Senator Daniel's amendment concerning the appointment of volunteers to offices in the regular army; the question of the disposition of officers who have held staff postions, and the provision for the enlistment of Filipinos in the American army.

Senator Allison intends to call up the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill when the army bill is acted on, but whether this and other appropriation bills to follow it shall occupy the exclusive attention of the senate so long as they are on the calendar is a question which has not yet been absolutely determined. The present indications are, however, that the appropriation bills will be considered in advance of all other measures whenever they are before the senate.

When there are no appropriation bills to be taken up the ship subsidy bill will be discussed. There are still numerous speeches to be made upon this measure, and already there is talk of night sessions for its consideration when it is taken up.

There is little in the legislative bill to arouse discussion, but there is a possibility that senators hostile to the subsidy bill may use the appropriation bill for the purpose of delay.

A program of miscellaneous matters will occupy the attention of the houses during the week. The river and harbor bill, which was debated for three days last week, will consume one, and possibly two, days. Although the bill was criticised very severely during the debate last week it is in no danger of failure. Most of the attacks came from members who were disappointed in what the bill grants to their localities, and the actual opponents of the measure will be overwhelmed when the final vote is reached.

After the river and harbor bill is disposed of the bill to revise and codify the postal laws will be taken up under a special order. It will be followed by the District of Columbia appropriation bill, and the latter in turn by the post-office appropriation bill if there is any remaining time.

Skull Fractured by Robbers.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 14.—Rankin Clemens, a farmer of Fayette county, whose estate is valued at $500,000, was brought to a hospital here last night with his skull badly fractured. Robbers visited his house Saturday night, called him to the door and broke his skull with a hay fork. They attempted to force their way into the house, but the women within barricaded the doors. Only a small amount of money was secured from the man's pockets. He will probably die.

Two Servants Burned to Death.

Buffalo, Jan. 14.—Mary Spitzman and Clara Meyers, servants, were burned to death yesterday morning in a fire that destroyed the fifth floor of the Buckingham apartment house. The fire started in the kitchen of the fifth floor, directly below the servants' room. Ordinarily eight girls occupy these quarters, but Saturday night six of them were out of town, leaving but two girls in the house. The women came originally from Titusville, Pa.

Sport Fatally Shot an Officer.

Washington, R. I., Jan. 14.—Early yesterday morning Kent county officers raided a road house near here and surprised over 100 sports who had just arranged for a cocking main. The names of 75 were taken, 58 agreeing to appear in court and the other 17 paying $22 each at the county court house. Three men who escaped were followed by officers, and one shot Deputy Sheriff Fish, probably fatally. He escaped.

Alleged Embezzling Court Clerk.

Nashville, Jan. 14.—Walter S. Rainey, circuit court clerk of this (Davis) county, was arrested here yesterday on a charge of embezzlement in office. The warrant was issued upon application of the Fidelity and Casualty Insurance company, of Baltimore, which is on Rainey's bond. He was admitted to bail in the sum of $10,000

Reward For Missing Student.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 14.—Capt. N. H. Frazer, of Union Springs, yesterday offered through Chief of Police Albion Nixon, of that city, $500 reward for the return, dead or alive, of his son, Bass Frazer, who is supposed to have been kidnaped from school at Atlanta.

Heavy Coal Shipments South.

Pittsburg, Jan. 14.—Fully 6,000,000 bushels of coal are on the way south, and before the present rise in the Ohio is checked 2,000,000 more will probably be shipped. The fleet now on the way is made up of 197 boats and 84 barges.

This season there is a large death rate among children from croup and lung troubles. Prompt action will save the little ones from these terrible diseases. We know of nothing so certain to give instant relief as One Minute Cough Cure. It can also be relied upon in grippe and all throat and lung troubles of adults. Pleasant to take. Randolph Wehler.

IMPRISONED IN SNOWDRIFTS.

Terrible Sufferings of Thousands of Passengers on Russian Railways.

London, Jan. 14.—The Odessa correspondent of The Daily Mail sends a heartrending story of the sufferings of railway passengers snowbound while on the way to Odessa. The blizzard, in which 120 were frozen to death, raged continuously for more than 100 hours over the whole of southern Russia. He describes the gradual arrival of trains at Razdyelnaia, with hundreds of passengers from the north, who had entrained six days before.

"They had been snowed in for five days," he continues, "and fighting among themselves for the scanty food supplies provided at the railway buffets. Women and children were weeping with hunger, while gangs of men battled with snowdrifts, which were 35 feet deep in some places.

"Finally some 5,000 passengers had assembled at Razdyelnaia. A regiment was sent from Kieff southward and 3,000 troops went northward from Odessa with shovels. On the third day the relieving parties succeeded in cutting a passage for a couple of trains, which started with 2,000 persons, after a mad rush, the weakest going to the wall.

"The trains proceeded for 18 hours and were again stuck in the snow, unable to go forward or backward. Finally, driven to desperation, 60 passengers, with Count Kapnist, determined to walk to Odessa. Forty reached a point where they secured sledges, and all arrived at Odessa.

"Meanwhile Governor Schuvaloff had organized train sledges with supplies, which, after herculean efforts, relieved the two trains. Many passengers had their arms or legs frozen Eighteen thousand troops are now engaged in the work of clearing the line."

Wilkesbarre's Girl Strikers.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Jan. 14.—All efforts to bring about a compromise between the striking girls at Goldsmith's silk mill, in this city, and their employers have failed, and not a wheel is turning in the mill today. The strikers are nearly all girls, and the trouble arises over the refusal of the owners of the mill to reinstate six girls who were discharged some time ago. The strikers say they were discharged because they were leaders of a labor union. The Messrs. Goldsmith say they were discharged for other causes.

Pat Crowe in Nanticoke?

Nanticoke, Pa., Jan. 14.—The police of Nanticoke are looking for Pat Crowe, the alleged abductor of the Cudahy boy at Omaha. Burgess Williams is said to be in possession of information received from the police of Chicago to the effect that Crowe is somewhere in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania. It is thought he may have decided to disguise himself as a miner and locate in Nanticoke, which has a large Polish population. It is said he can speak Polish.

All Druggists guarantees every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. 4 mo.

Encouragement.

Whenever you can consciously encourage any one, do so. You would not leave those plants in your window without water, or refuse to open the shutters that the sunlight might fall upon them: but you leave some human flower to suffer from want of appreciation or the sunlight of encouragement. There are a few hardy souls that can struggle on stony soil, shrubs that can wait for the dew and the sunbeams, vines that creep without kindly training: but only a few utter a kind word to your fellow-workman when you can: give the helping praise to that lady who toils from morning until night when you see that it is deserved. The thought that "no one knows and no one cares" blights many a bud of promise.

MADE YOUNG AGAIN.—"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again" writes D. H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at Randolph Wehler's drug store.

Record Your Deeds.

By examination of the late Act of the Legislature, approved May 19th, A. D. 1893, it will be seen that all Deeds and Conveyances made and executed after the passage of this Act, shall be recorded in the Office for the Recording of Deeds, &c., within ninety days, or else be adjudged fraudulent and void as to any subsequent purchaser.

All persons holding unrecorded Deeds will see the importance of having them recorded, without further delay.

H. G. WEHLER,
Recorder.

Queer, but True.

Take a walk through a cemetery alone and you will pass the last resting place of a man who blew into the muzzle of a gun to see if it was loaded. A little further down the slope is the crank who tried to show how close he could pass in front of a moving train. In strolling about you see the modest monument of the girl who tried to start the fire with kerosene and a grass-covered knoll that covers the boy who put a chestnut burr under a mule's tail. That tall shaft over the man that blew out the gas casts a shadow across the boy who tried to jump on the moving train. Side by side the etherial creature who always had her corset laced to the last hole, and the intelligent idiot who rode a bicycle nine miles in ten minutes, sleep undisturbed. At repose is a doctor who took a dose of his own medicine. There with the top of a shoe box driven over his head is the rich old man who married a young wife. Away over there reposes a boy who fished on Sunday, and a woman who kept strychnine with her powders in the cupboard. The man who stood in front of a moving machine to oil the cycle is quiet now and rests beside the careless brakeman who fed himself to a seventy ton engine, and over in the corner of the fence in the potter's field may be seen the bleaching bones of the man who tried to whip the editor.—Ex.

THE MOTHER'S FAVORITE.—Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that **cures a cold in one day**

SPRING SALES.

G. L. COLESTOCK, Auctioneer.

FEBRUARY.

21st—Mrs. David Bievenour, Mountpleasant township.
25th—Nicholas Gebhart, Mountpleasant twp.
25th—Mary A. Parr, near Littlestown.
28th—John Kehr, New Baltimore.

MARCH.

1st—Jacob A. Bolen, near Hampton.
2nd—John Meckley, Tyrone township.
4th—Chas. A. Hemler, Oxford township.
5th—Harry Stallsmith, Mountpleasant twp.
6th—Hartman Strine, near Littlestown.
7th—John Serf, New Baltimore
8th—H. D. Hamm, near New Chester.
9th—E. B. Sprenkle, near New Chester.
11th—James Bryer, Sell's Station.
12th—Jonas Flickinger, Redland.
13th—J. Frank March, near New Chester.
14th—Abram Grove, near Littlestown.
15th—Abram Keagy, " "
16th—Conrad Berkheimer, Berwick twp.
19th—Eugene Spalding, near Littlestown.
20th—Jos. Keagy, Conewago township.
21st—A. T. Stambaugh, Mountpleasant twp.
22nd—D. S. Coleman, near Duttera's Station.
23rd—M. W. Hildebrand, Oxford township.
25th—Wash. Wolf, Berwick township.
26th—John Butler, near New Chester.

J. B. CRIST, Auctioneer.

FEBRUARY.

5th—S. A. Snavely, Adr. Norman Dugan estate, Hamilton township.
23rd—H. J. Moore, Oxford township.
25th—Lydia A. Spahr, Reading township.
26th—Rachael Pence, Latimore township.
27th—D. A. Myers, Latimore township.
28th—Harriett Beams, Reading township.

MARCH.

1st—Jacob B. Rudisill Oxford township.
2nd—John Meckley, Tyrone township.
4th—S. P. Noel, Paradise township
5th—Christian March, Hamilton township.
6th—Amos Rudisill Berwick township.
7th—J. R. Hantz, Reading township.
8th—Solomon Gable, Hamilton township.
9th—Samuel Baker, Reading township.
11th—John F. Gable, Hamilton township.
12th—Henry Wise, Paradise township.
13th—F. G. Sheeringer, Conewago township.
14th—Samuel Jacobs, Reading township.
15th—Jacob Eisenhart, Washington twp.
16th—Calvin Bosserman, Reading township.
18th—Joseph Brady, Hamilton township.
19th—Carl Boke, Berwick township.
20th—Joseph Keplinger, Berwick township.
21st—Henry Marshall, Paradise township.
23rd—Eliza Ernstberger, Latimore township.
26th—Harriet Beam, Reading township.

MARCH.

2nd—Wm. Gulden, Exr., household goods of Mrs. Catharine Gulden, New Oxford.
7th—Edw. Emlet, Tyrone township, stock and implements.
21st—A. T. Stambaugh, Mountpleasant township, stock and implements.
23rd—M. W. Hildebrand, Oxford township, stock and implements.—Colsetock, auct.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS AND INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION IS
OTTO'S CURE
Sold by all druggists 25&50cts
For sale at Wehler's Drug Store.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed at the ITEM office. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Don't Forget

that Dr. E. H. NEIMAN is a graduate of three different Colleges. He thoroughly understands his profession and does all kinds of work pertaining to dentistry as cheap as anywhere in the county.

He has administered gas, vitalized air, etc., for seventeen years. **Don't forget the place.**

FINEST DENTAL PARLORS IN THE STATE.

GEHLEY BUILDING, No. 7 W. Market St., YORK, PA

HIS WIFE SAVED HIM.—My wife's good advice saved my life writes F. M. Ross of Winfield, Tenn., for I had such a bad cough I could hardly breathe, I steadily grew worse under doctor's treatment, but my wife urged me to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption which completely cured me." Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Pneumonia, Asthma, Hay Fever and all maladies of Chest, Throat and Lungs are positively cured by this marvellous medicine. 50c. and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at Randolph Wehler's drug store.

Fatal Accident.

Elmer Braunning, the 18-year-old son of John Braunning, of Freedom district, Carroll county, Md., was fatally injured while cutting wood Wednesday afternoon. The young man, in company with several workmen, was in some lumber land near his father's home, near Louisville. They were cutting trees and one of the limbs snapped, and in striking another tree bounded 50 yards away, to where the young man was standing. He was struck on the head with great force He rallied several times, but died Wednesday night.

OLD PEOPLE MADE YOUNG.—J. C. Sherman, the veteran editor of the Vermontville (Mich.) Echo, has discovered the remarkable secret of keeping old people young. For years he has avoided Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Indigestion, Heart trouble, Constipation and Rheumatism, by using Electric Bitters, and he writes: "It can't be praised too highly. It gently stimulates the kidneys, tones the stomach, aids digestion, and gives a splendid appetite. It has worked wonders for my wife and me. It's a marvelous remedy for old people's complaints." Only 50c. at Randolph Wehler's drug store.

MILLER'S
Mammoth Store.

JAN. 12, 1901.

Just received 10 barrels of Syrup to sell at 24 cents a gallon, 6 cents a quart; the kind of Syrup you pay 8 and 10 cents a quart for at other stores.

We are selling a good light Syrup in quart jars at 10 cents a jar.

We are selling a good mixed Mustard in pint jars at 8 cents a jar.

We are selling Hominy at 4 cents a quart.

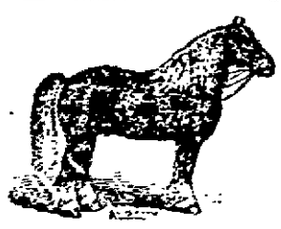
We have 500 pounds of Apricots to sell at 5 cents a pound.

100 pounds clear toys to sell at 5 cts. a pound.

1000 pounds French Mixed Candy to sell at 5 cents a pound.

H. W. Miller, Baltimore St., HANOVER, PA

OHIO
Horses & Mules.



Tuesday, January 8th,

I will receive a car load of OHIO HORSES, Workers and Drivers, for sale or exchange.

I have also a fine lot of Broken Mules on hand.

Call and see my stock before buying elsewhere.

H. A. SMITH, Hanover, Pa.

Chas. L. Pettis & Co,

Cash Buyers of all kinds Country Produce,

Dressed Poultry, Game,
Furs, Eggs, and Butter,
204 Duane Street, New York.

Write for our present paying prices.

REFERENCE:
DANIELS & Co., Bankers, 6 Wall St., N.Y.
All Commercial Agencies, Express Co.'s
Dealers in Produce in U. S. and Canada,
Established Trade of over 20 years.

Sample Copies

of the ITEM are sent out occasionally to such as are not subscribers. Our object is to induce them to examine the paper and thereby become regular subscribers. If, therefore, you receive a sample copy of the ITEM we hope the large amount of news it contains and other good reading will be so appreciated as to induce you to send us your name for at least a trial order.

After Inventory
BARGAINS

Entire line of Ladies' Coats and Capes to close at 60c on the dollar.

Children's Coats, what is left, to close at 60c on the dollar.

A few of the New York sample line of Furs left to close at 50c on the dollar.

Odds and Ends in light figured Sateen, very desirable for comfort lining, 20c quality to close at 7c.

A small lot of Remnants in Dress Goods to close at a sacrifice.

5000 yards Pure Linen Toweling, figured, 5c per pard.

Potter's Best Table Oil Cloth, every yd. guaranteed to be perfect, 12½c.

Men's Fancy Colored Shirts, broken sizes makes these prices 39, 69 and 79c.

Men's and Boys' Overcoats at greatly reduced prices.

N. B. Carver & Sons.
HANOVER, PA.

M. G. Colestock,
—DEALER IN—
FRESH & SMOKED
MEATS.
—SUCH AS—
Beef, Veal,
Mutton,
Lamb, &c.

Smoked Meats,
Skinned Hams, Unskinned Hams,
Picnic Hams, Prepared Hams,
Breakfast Bacon, Country Flitch,
Bologna, Dried Beef, &c.

The above mentioned Meats are of First-class quality, and can be had at all times at the lowest possible prices.

SECOND DOOR FROM EAGLE HOTEL,
Carlisle St., New Oxford.

New Oxford
BAKERY,
Hanover St., New Oxford.

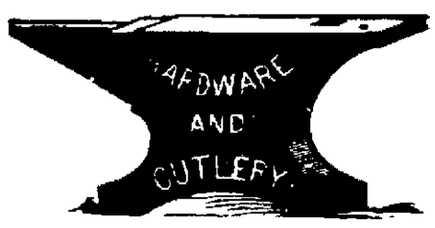
The undersigned desire to inform the citizens of New Oxford and vicinity that they have taken charge of the Diehl Bakery and will be at all times prepared to furnish

Fresh Bread, Rolls,
Cakes of all kinds,

Pretzels, &c., can be had from the delivery wagon each morning of the week, also at the store of O. A. Smith. Picnics, Festivals and gatherings of all kinds supplied on short notice at bottom prices.

Smith & Bro.

GO TO
GILBERT & SON
FOR



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GLASS, OILS, BLATCHLEY PUMPS
TILING, &C.
Plumbing and Blumbers' Supplies.
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PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS—$1.00 per annum, in advance —$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of time paid for will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at reasonable rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest hand-bill or poster.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 18, 1901.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

The cigar factory at Abbottstown has suspended operations permanently.

The grippe is prevailing in this vicinity.

Farmers, look to your meat houses and beware of tramps.

The next national holiday will be Washington's birthday.

The post office at White Hall has been discontinued.

P. A. & S. Small offer for rent a desirable mill stand. See advertisement.

Bluebirds whistled merrily along the country roads Tuesday Morning.

Two head of cattle died for Gil. Fickel and one for Oliver Lerew of Latimore, on Saturday.

Blanket your horses now-a-days, and save the annimal sickness and yourself trouble

Quality and not quantity makes DeWitt's Little Early Risers such valuable little liver pills. Randolph Wehler.

Job printing neatly executed at this office at lowest prices. Come and see us when you need any printing.

Every Saturday between 800 and 1,000 passengers are conveyed over the Hanover and McSherrystown electric railroad.

Good resolutions and the diary habit are already beginning to be a little bit curled at the edges.

Some people never learn to trust in the Lord until they lose everything in the world they possess.

Our "devil" says that after a man succeeds in printing one kiss on a girl's lips, it is easy to run off a large edition.

The fair at St. Mary's Church, McSherrystown, has been postponed until after Easter.

Rev. E. H. Free, of Hampton, was lately presented by his Gardner's congregation with a suit of clothes, hat, tie &c.

Chas. H. Baer, York's live merchant, has advertised in to-day's paper a January "Fair" Sale. Look it up.

Such little pills as DeWitt's Little Early Risers are very easily taken, and they are wonderfully effective in cleansing the liver and bowels. Randolph Wehler

According to Darwin's theory it takes a monkey many years to make a man, but a man can make most any kind of animal of himself in a very few minutes.

Mrs. George D. Grove, of Littlestown, received last week $1000 from the Heptasophs, which was the amount of the policy in that organization.

Samuel Pitzer, Jr, of Bendersville, whilst butchering on Wednesday was unfortunate enough to run a nail into the thick part of his hand to the depth of an inch.

Mr. John Gebhart, and Mary Hawn, daughter of Mr. Israel Hawn and wife, of near Bonneauville, were quietly married Tuesday morning in Littlestown by Rev. Father Kohl.

The merchant who thinks the sign over his door is all the advertising he needs, is hugging a delusion. Lots of people are not superstitious and do not believe in signs.

Peter Baugher, of Nashville, York county, Friday purchased at public sale the property of his father's (Abdiel F. Baugher) estate in Mountpleasant township, about one mile west of this place, on the Gettysburg pike, for $851.

The rain of last week was of inestimable value in replenishing the water supply. From all parts of this section were heard complaints of a scarcity of water, wells and springs being dry that were never known to fail before.

On Jan. 10th, at 6 o'clock p. m., at East Berlin, Emanuel Raffensperger, of Goshen, Indiana, was married to Miss Barbara J. Trimmer, of East Berlin, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. John Trimmer. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Charles L. Baker.

DR. E. H. MARKLEY, having recently placed in his office a Vitalized Air outfit, is now prepared to extract teeth positively without ANY pain. This is perfectly harmless and can be taken by any one. 1-4-3m.

G. B. Nace & Son, the live merchants of Hanover, are offering underware and blankets at special prices.

Quarter Sessions Court of Adams county will commence on Monday, January the 28th, to continue two weeks.

R. M. Witt, of Hanover, and Jacob Resser, of East Berlin, have been reelected Directors of the Gettysburg National Bank.

The New Oxford primaries for Borough officers will be held at the usual places on Saturday evening, Jan. 26th, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock.

HERE WE ARE AGAIN.

If you want Fine Oysters, try C. H. Robinson's Extra Selects. Every Friday and Saturday. Philadelphia Street.

The manager of the Penn Grove Camp, reports that for the coming camp he has rented 160 cottages. A new tabernacle, tables, seatings, &c., will be built in the spring.

The Abbottstown Town Council has directed the borough treasurer to pay moneys out on all orders signed by the President of the council, thus disregarding the Chief Burgess.

Mr. Cyrus Wolf, of near Abbottstown, lost two horses from a malignant type of Cerebro Spinal Meningitis. Both horses died the same day they were attacked with the disease.

The managers of the Gettysburg, McSherrystown and Penn Park base ball clubs will meet next month and arrange a schedule of games for the championship of York and Adams counties.

The merited reputation for curing piles sores and skin diseases acquired by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, has led to the making of worthless counterfeits. Be sure to get only DeWitt's Salve. Randolph Wehler.

Pennsylvania will have three legal holidays next month, as follows: Tuesday, February 12th, Lincoln's birthday; Tuesday, February 19th, election day, and Friday, February 22nd, Washington's birthday.

The grip prevails in every section of the county and the cases are numbered by the hundred. Its prevalence is reported from all parts of the United States.

Miss Lizzie Cook, of Gettysburg, fell from a step-ladder while working at the home of Mrs. F. J. Buehler, last Friday, and broke a bone in her right arm near the wrist.

Daniel A. Gardner has purchased from his father, William H. Gardner, of York Springs, the desirable home where he now resides, together with about 55 acres of land, on private terms.

William J. Comer, of Littlestown, a brakeman on the Frederick Division, fell from the roof of a car at Spring Grove on Monday morning about 8 o'clock. The train was in motion when he fell and he suffered severe injuries upon his left shoulder.

Daniel Bushey, of Reading township, met with quite an accident, on Thursday, while in York, by his six horse team scaring from the noise of the steam whistle at the card works and running away. Before the team was gotten under controll Mr. Bushey was thrown on the lever of the lock and fractured one of his ribs.

The most soothing, healing and antiseptic application ever devised is DeWitts Witch Hazel Sale. It relieves at once and cures piles, sores, eczema and skin diseases. Beware of imitations. Randolph Wehler.

The Cleveland World published a paper dated January 1, 2001, with items as they will be then. A case reported is where a petition of Virgil P. Kline to the Standard Oil Company for permission to live in Ohio was refused with costs and the petitioner was ordered to leave the State.

On Saturday, Dec. 29, some one entered the house of Mr. John Benner, at Barlow, while the family were at preaching, and took from a drawer $25. Suspicion rested very strongly upon Mr. Harry Faeckler, a young man who had worked for Mr. Benner the past summer, and he was arrested last week, but released on bail until court.

William Foist, of McSherrystown, met with, what might have been a serious accident, on Thursday last, while assisting to load the radiators for St. Mary's Church, at the Hanover freight depot. Mr. Poist's foot caught in some iron, over which he attempted to step, falling across the bed of the wagon, injuring his side painfully.

John Beltz, Sr., residing about a mile south of McSherrystown, was severely horned by a vicious bull one day last week. Mr. Beltz's forearm was terribly lacerated by the animal, requiring forty stitches. It was feared blood poisoning would result, but at present he is improving.

FOR SALE.—One 5 ft. Show Case, 1 angle Hanging Lamp, 1 combination money drawer, 1 Antonius Stradivarius Violin, (over 100 years old,) a fine collection of Indian relics, bullets, and belts from the Gettysburg battlefield.

GEO. J. BROWN, New Oxford.

Samuel A. Paxton, of Latimore township, has discovered a vein of magnetic ore on his farm that 90 per cent in quality. Capitalists have been to see the location and made the above test of the ore. Mr. Paxton has declined to except a lease on his farm at the present time

Mrs. Lewis Gable, of near Hampton, has purchased the property of Dr. L. A. Roth, on Carlisle street, at present occupied by H. I. Smith's family, and W. H. Emmert's shoe factory. Terms private. We understand that Mr. Emmert intends erecting a factory building as soon as the necessary arrangement can be made.

The Adams County Sabbath School Association will hold its annual convention in St. Paul's Lutheran church, New Oxford, Rev. F. Hesse pastor, on Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 11th and 12th.

Each Sunday School in the county is entitled to one delegate. An excellent program will be arranged and every effort will be made to make this the best convention yet held

While Messrs. James Lingg and Eugene Melhorn, of near town, were returning from a dance on Tuesday night, the horse they were driving became frightened at dogs near the residence of W. A. Diehl, Pitt St., and running over an embankment, upset the buggy. The occupants escaped injury, but the buggy was considerably damaged. The animal made no effort to get away. The team belonged to liveryman E. J. Treiber.

There is considerable complaint being made against the Town Council for having the street lamp removed from the sidewalk at Sheely's lumber yard. This is the most dark and lonesome place in town and it can not be understood why the lamp was removed. If one of the Councilmen resided at or near the above named place, we undoubtedly would have a street-lamp and pavement there, but as it is at present the middle of the street is far better than to wade in mud and water on a (supposed) pavement, these dark evenings. Q.

The M. E. Church, of Hanover, which has been remodeled and refurnished, will be re-dedicated on next Sunday, Jan. 20. Services during the entire day. The sermon by Rev. H. L. Jacobs, former pastor of that congregation, will be delivered at 10 o'clock a m. All are cordially invited. REV. J. E. WEEKS, Pastor.

The firm of G. W. Smith & Co., in the stove and tinware business, has been dissolved. See notice in another column. Mrs. Smith will remove to Hanover April 1st, she having rented her house on Center Square to W. B. Myers, of Pitt street. G. W. Smith will continue the stove and tinware business at the old stand.

The January meeting of the Adams County Agricultural Association will be held in the H. A. room in old town hall at Arendtsville next Friday afternoon, January 18th, at 1 o'clock. All members are requested to be present. Business that all are interested in is to be disposed of.

Last Monday night William Haner's barn in Menallen township was burned with all its contents. Franklin Hocky, the tenant, lost one cow and a heifer, several tons of hay and straw and a lot of chickens. There is $400 insurance on the barn in the Littlestown Company. The tenant had no insurance on his property. The origin of the fire is unknown.

At the election held Monday afternoon for eleven Directors of the Farmers and Merchants Bank to serve the ensuing year, the entire old Board was re elected, as follows:—W. A. Himes, Z. H. Cashman, Dr. J. L. Sheetz, Dr. E. H. Markley, John Geiselman and John S. Weaver, of New Oxford; S. Miley Miller, of Hampton; Dr. David Melhorn, Frederick Snyder and George Mackley, of New Chester, and William Stock, of Mountpleasant township.

In order to give the people of this section a chance to see the superior work they are now doing, the Hanover Steam Laundry will next week, do up free of charge, either a shirt, collar or a pair of cuffs. Send your bundle to Sheely Bros. store before Monday evening, January 21st, or let word and I will call for the same. Goods called for and delivered free of charge at all times.

RAYMOND SHEELY, Agent,
High Street, New Oxford.

Pennsylvania Day.

From 2:30 to 4 o'clock p. m., on Friday, the pupils of the High School will review the history of Pennsylvania. Among the subjects that will be discussed are the following:

Boundary Disputes.
The "Triangle" and the "Panhandle."
The Walking Purchase.
Philadelphia Tea Party.
Transportation.
Rodney's Ride.
The Capitals of Pennsylvania.
Digges' Choice.
Railroads.
Menonite Martyr's Mirror.
The Old Liberty Bell.

All are welcome.

Death's Doings.

Our town was shocked at about 7:30 o'clock Wednesday morning by the announcement of the sudden death of Mr. John Q. Lough, a prominent citizen and retired marble dealer, of this place. He had walked into the garden and staying longer than usual, his wife looked after him and found him lying in a walk in a dying condition. Neighbors and a physician were hastily summoned and he was taken to the house, but life was extinct, due to apoplexy. In falling a small gash was cut in the back of his head, caused by it striking a post supporting a grape arbor. He had been apparently in his usual good health up to that time. Mr. Lough was a prominent member of the Reformed church, a member of the consistory, choir and superintendent of the Sunday school for a number of years. He was a member of the Board of Directors of Mt. Hope Cemetery Co., secretary and one of the Directors of the Woodsboro Savings Bank. After his retirement from the marble business he became a member of the firm of Cutshall & Lough where he served a term of three years and retired. He leaves a widow and one son, George A. Lough, of Philadelphia. A daughter, Mrs. W. B Cutshall, died a few years ago. He is also survived by three brothers and one sister, Messrs. U. A. Lough, of Frederick; Edwin G. Lough, New Oxford, Pa; W. A. Lough, Dixon, Ill., and Mrs. Edward Slagle, of Littlestown. He was born April 17, 1843, and was a native of Pennsylvania.—Woodsboro, Md., Weekly Advance.

Mr. Lough was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George Lough and was born on the old Lough homestead in Oxford township, now owned by Mr. Charles Senft. Mr. Lough's Mother also survives him Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Lough, of Hanover street, attended the funeral which took place at Woodsboro on Friday.

Mr. John Kaiser, who had been suffering for some time with an attack of gangrene, died at his home near Bonneauville, Thursday morning, aged about 50 years. He was a wagon-maker by trade. He is survived by a wife and one daughter, Miss Lauretta, at home. His funeral took place Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, interment being made in the Catholic cemetery at Bonneauville.

Miss Louisa Collins, died at her home in Bonneauville, Tuesday morning after a lingering illness of consumption, aged about 70 years. Funeral Wednesday morning, interment in St. Joseph's cemetery.

J. Harvey Collins, of Two Taverns, died suddenly at 2:12 a. m., January 12. He retired in his usual good health the night before, and his death, caused by apoplexy, was, therefore, very sudden. Mr. Collins was a well-known and respected citizen. He was in the 82nd year of his age. He leaves a wife and eleven children, 8 sons and 3 daughters, to survive him.

Mrs. Hannah, wife of Peter Stallsmith, died Sunday afternoon at the home of her son-in-law, George Stallsmith, Gettysburg, aged 81 years, 6 months and 20 days.

James Gallagher, of Franklin township died at his home on Saturday, aged 77 years, 1 month and 6 days. He was found dead in his chair, and death was thought to be due to a stroke of apoplexy. He is survived by two sons and one daughter.

PERSONAL.

Mr. F. W. Mause and wife, of Baltimore, spent a few days with Mrs Jacob Hartman, Philadelphia street, who has been quite seriously ill.

Miss Grace Neely, of Harrisburg, is spending the week with friends in town.

Mr. Jacob Heltzel, proprietor of the New Oxford Broom Factory, is on a business trip to York, Harrisburg and other places, this week.

Mr. Charles Morse, of Baltimore, visited friends in town over Sunday.

Miss Fannie Troxel, of Gettysburg, spent last week with friends here.

John Miller, who has been attending school at Carlisle, has discontinued at that place, and is now attending school at Gettysburg.

Allen Herman, of Philadelphia, spent several days at his home on Pitt street.

Mrs. Jacob Holtzworth, of Chambersburg, and Mrs. Eva Holtzworth and granddaughter, Nellie Ramer, of Gettysburg, spent a few days with G. A. Klingel's family.

John C. Barnitz, of Philadelphia, visited his mother and friends in town.

Miss Kate Messinger, of Hanover, was the guest of Mrs. W. A. Wagner, Pitt street, over Sunday.

Miss Amanda Shriver, of Hanover, spent a few days with friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Laurue, of Logansville, and Mr. and Mrs. J. S Seidenstricker, of York, were the guests of Mr. J. S. Taughinbaugh, Hanover street.

Mrs. Margaret Heltzel and sister, Miss Maria Kehm, of Peters street, attended the funeral of their brother, Christian Kehm, who died at his home in Baltimore last week. Mr. Kehm was a son of the late Mr and Mrs. Henry Kehm, of this place, and was aged about 57 years.

Broke His Nose.

While Mr. C. A. Ruff, huckster of Berlin Ave., was out on his route last week, and while looking at a calf in a stable, a cow attacked him, and in making a quick turn to escape, Mr. Ruff struck his nose against a wooden pin, breaking the bones thereof.

Court Items.

The Court of Common Pleas has ruled the demurer filed by the defendent in the equity case of Tallmadge, Towles and Gilbert against Bair and Towles, and entering an order requiring the defendent to answer within fifteen days. This case is a dispute arising out of the business of the Gettysburg Land and Improvement Company.

CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be preaching in St. Paul's Lutheran church next Sunday at 7 p. m. "The Anti-Saloon League" will be the subject for the evening. Rev. Wm. A. Gotschall, of Harrisburg, will be present to assist in the service.

Sunday School 9 a m.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3 p. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:00 o'clock.

REV. FERDINAND HESSE, Pastor.

Divine services in St. Paul's Reformed church next Sunday at 7 p. m. Sermon on "The Wedding Garment, and What Is It?"

Sunday School 9 a m.; C. E. Society 6 p. m.; Prayer meeting Thursday 7.00 p. m.; Junior Catechetical class will meet Saturday at 1:30 p. m.; Senior class at 2:00 p. m.

REV. P. E. HEIMER, Pastor.

There will be two Masses in the Catholic Church next Sunday—Low Mass at 8 and High Mass at 10:30 o'clock.

REV. TIMOTHY KENNEDY, Pastor.

The Rev. Wm. A. Gotschall, a representative of the Anti-Saloon League of this State, will speak in the M. E. church next Sunday at 10 a. m. Mr. Gotschall is a promising young man, and will, doubtless, edify all who hear him.

Sunday school 9 a. m; Epworth 6 p. m.

REV. VAUGHN T. RUE, Pastor.

THE MARKETS.

NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman

Choice Wheat	$ 70
No. 2 "	65
Raked "	50
Rye	40 @ 44
Corn	38 @ 40
Oats	22 @ 26
Clover seed, per lb	2 @ 4
Timothy seed	1.00 @ 1.50
Timothy hay	6.00 @ 14.00
Rye straw	5 00 @ 7.00

MARRIED.

Jan. 15, at Bonneauville, by Rev. Father Thomas, Harry Neiderer, of McSherrystown, and Miss Stella Wagerman, of Mountpleasant township.

Jan. 9, at bride's home, near Midvale, Franklin county, by Rev. Rockey, Amos P. Sanders and Miss Mary Woodring, both formerly of Adams county.

Jan. 8, at Littlestown, by Rev. Kohl, John Gebhart and Miss Mary Hawn, both of Bonneauville.

DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, verses, &c., 5c per line.

Jan. 8, at Panora, Iowa, Mr. S. A. Young, formerly of Gettysburg, aged about 60 years.

Jan. 12, in Franklin township, Peter Pass, aged about 70 years.

Getting Thin

is all right, if you are too fat; and all wrong, if too thin already.

Fat, enough for your habit, is healthy; a little more, or less, is no great harm. Too fat, consult a doctor; too thin, persistently thin, no matter what cause, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

There are many causes of getting too thin; they all come under these two heads: over-work and under-digestion.

Stop over-work, if you can; but, whether you can or not, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, to balance yourself with your work. You can't live on it—true—but, by it, you can. There's a limit, however; you'll pay for it.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the readiest cure for "can't eat," unless it comes of your doing no work—you can't long be well and strong, without some sort of activity.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE
Chemists,
409 Pearl Street,
New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Visitors From the City.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"What!" said Mrs. Haven, almost in a shriek.

"It's true," said her husband. "They're coming to visit us—every one of 'em! My Sister Zuleima, because the Saratoga hotels are too intolerably hot for endurance; Cousin Herbert Haller, because he is an æsthete, and wants to study nature from a level hitherto untrodden; Mrs. Johnson, because the children don't recuperate after the whooping-cough; Aunt Sadie, on account of a difficulty with her landlady on the subject of poodle-dogs; and Uncle Jenks, because he never has visited us and wants to know what my wife is like!"

"Dear me!" faintly gasped Mary Haven, looking around her pretty sitting-room, draped in pink chintz, fragrant with fresh flowers, and decorated with gilt bird-cages, water-color sketches and Kensington embroidery; "what am I to do?"

"Do?" repeated her husband, who was intent on clipping off the end of his cigar so that it should "draw" satisfactorily. "There is but one thing to do—let 'em come."

"All at once?"

"Yes, all at once."

"And I with only one girl, and the thermometer at 90 in the shade, and the painters in possession of the second-story!" hysterically cried the lady.

"Couldn't be a better combination of circumstances, my dear," said Mr. Haven.

"I don't believe these people care a straw about seeing me," said Mrs. Haven, ready to burst into tears.

"Neither do I," said her husband.

"It's only on account of their convenience, the hot weather and the high price of hotels," added Mrs. Haven. "Hugh, I've a great mind to commit suicide!"

"Don't do that my dear!" said Mr. Haven. "I can suggest a better plan. I was thinking, do you know—"

"Of telegraphing to the city for a new force of servants, a box of provisions from Minardi's, and half a dozen cots, with hair mattresses and bedding to match?" eagerly interrupted the lady.

"Nothing of the sort!" said Mr. Haven, seriously eying the distant landscape through the amethyst rays of cigar-smoke. "Of—moving."

"Moving, Hugh?"

"To the little cottage by the lake," Mr. Haven explained. "Only for a few days, merely on account of the repairs at the house. Paint upsets my digestion, and the sound of a carpenter's hammer sets my teeth on edge. Besides, Hodge, the contractor, can work a deal faster if we're all out of the way."

"But, Hugh, the cottage is nothing on earth but a camping-out place, with board floors, and not a particle of plaster or paint about it, remonstrated Mary.

"What of that, my love?" said the imperturbable husband. "Our friends don't come, as I take it, to admire fresco and gilding, but to enjoy our society."

"They'll think we live there always," said Mrs. Haven, with a corrugated brow.

"That is precisely what I wish them to think, my dear."

"Oh!" said Mrs. Haven.

"You follow my meaning?"

"I—think—I—begin—to," said she, with an amused light beginning to sparkle into her eyes. "Yes, dear, perhaps it would be a good plan to move—just while the repairs are in progress."

And she hurried up stairs, to pack a few necessaries, at once.

The cottage by Wiscomac Lake was not an imposing edifice. There was plenty of room in it, such as it was but the floors were of rude pine boards, the windows were undraped, and the furniture was such as was adapted merely to the wants of camping parties who were prepared to "rough it" after the most primitive fashion; and when Mrs. Zuleima Montague Prout drove up to the door, in a wagon heavily laden with trunks, she stared, through her gold eye-glasses, in a most ridiculous manner, at the rude porch of shingles, supported by cedar posts mantled in their native bark, the shutterless windows, and the unpainted wood settees on the grass.

"This isn't 'The Solitudes!' said she. "Drive on, man! You have made a mistake!"

"This 'ere's where Lawyer Haven's folks live," said the man, leisurely chewing a straw. "Guess it's enough of a 'solitude' to suit anybody."

"I thought it was a picturesque cottage," said Mrs. Montagu Prout, in accents of the keenest disappointment.

But at this minute Mrs. Haven herself hurried to the door.

"I think you must be my husband's sister Zuleima," said she, graciously. "Do come in!"

"But where are my trunks to go?" said the fashionable widow, who had dazzled the eyes of the Saratoga world with her numerous changes of toilet during the past fortnight.

"You can put them in the shed at the back of the barn," said Mrs. Haven, graciously. "I don't think they will quite go up the stairway."

Mr. Haller arrived later in the day—a long-haired, sallow-complexioned young man, in a violet velveteen suit, followed by a countryman carrying his portable easel, color-cases, traveling library and writing-desk. He knocked loudly at the door of the cottage with the ivory knob of his cane.

"Can you tell me where Mr. Haven lives?" said he.

"This is the place," said the hostess.

"This!" echoed Mr. Haller.

"You are Cousin Herbert, I suppose," said Mrs. Haven, politely. "Walk in! My husband will come in the evening train. Allow me to show you to your room. It is rather small; but we are expecting a good deal of company, and I dare say you won't mind a little inconvenience!"

And she left him in a seven-by-nine apartment, under the eaves, where he couldn't stand upright except just in the middle of the room, and where the three-paned window was close to the floor.

"Humph!" soliloquized the æsthete, looking ruefully around him, "this isn't at all what I expected!"

Mary Haven had scarcely got down stairs, and resumed the manufacture of raspberry pies, when shouts and cries in various keys announced the coming of Mrs. Johnson and her four children, on a "buck-board wagon" from the nearest stage station.

"Is this Cousin Hugh's home, ma?" said Adelaide, the eldest, discontentedly.

"It ain't nothin' but a shanty!" loudly proclaimed Alexander Gustavus, the second hope of the family.

"There ain't no paint on it," said Helen Louise.

"Lemme get out! lemme get out!" shrieked Julietta, "and play in that lovely black mud, where the frog-toad is sitting!"

Mrs. Johnson sailed in, with a scarlet face and a perturbed look.

"I'm afraid, Cousin Mary," said she, "that we shall inconvenience you. There don't seem to be much accommodation here."

"Oh, there's plenty of room up in the garret, such as it is!" said Mrs. Haven, smilingly. "Of course, one expects to lead a gipsy life in a place like this, and the lake will be so nice for the little dears to play in, if only they are a little careful, for it's very deep; and it's so lucky you are here, Cousin Johnson, to help me with the pies and bread, for I'm not a very experienced housekeeper."

"I thought you kept two or three servants," said Mrs. Johnson, frigidly.

"I have only one girl just at present," said Mrs. Haven; "and of course, when there's so much company, there's a great deal to do. Oh, there comes an old lady with a sweet, little, yelping dog!"

She glanced out of the open doorway.

"Goodness me, if it ain't that intolerable old Aunt Sadie, with her inevitable dog!" groaned Mrs. Johnson, as a fat elderly lady toiled up the path, in a scarlet shawl and a black-lace hat.

"Bless me!" said Aunt Sadie, purple with the heat and dripping with prespiration, "you don't never mean to say, Niece Haven, that this 'ere's the place I've heerd tell of on Lake—what d'ye call it?"

"It is where we live at present," said Mrs. Haven, quietly.

"I'm downright sorry I left the tavern at the railroad," said Aunt Sadie, sadly. "I ain't used to these unpleasant houses, and I'm 'most sure Trip will catch cold."

Uncle Jenks was the last to come—a shrewd, brown-faced old man, in a gray suit. He looked around him and seemed to take in the situation at once.

"No servants, eh?" said he. "Well, it's lucky I came. I'm pretty handy to fetch water, and split kindling, and help round the house; and you're pretty slim, my dear, to do all the work of this house, with only a young gal to help you. So Hugh hasn't done real well in business? I've a little money uninvested myself, and I don't know as I could do better with it than to lend it to my sister's son.

Thus he spoke, cherry and kind, while Mrs. Montagu Prout fanned herself on the porch. Cousin Herbert Haller did battle with the mosquitoes and midgets. Mrs. Johnson followed her four children about in ceaseless terror lest they should be drowned, and Aunt Sadie felt her dog's pulse and groaned over the heat.

One night at the cottage settled the question of "to stay or not to stay," in the mind of Mrs. Haven's guests.

"I never slept in such a hot place in my life," said Mrs. Johnson.

"The bed wasn't long enough for me to stretch myself out in, an' the eaves touched my forehead," said Cousin Herbert, sadly.

"The owls hooted all night in the woods," said Aunt Sadie, "and kept dear little Trip barking until he was hoarse."

"I wouldn't stay here if you would pay me a thousand dollars a week," said Mrs. Montagu Prout, thinking of her pink silk party-dresses and twelve-buttoned kid gloves.

"Well," said Uncle Jenks, drily, "it ain't just the location I should have selected for a summer residence, but I ain't going off to leave Hugh and his wife while I can manage to be useful to them!"

So the company departed, with various adieux and insincere protestations of regard, and only Uncle Jenks was left. And then Mr. Haven took his cigar out from between his lips.

"Uncle Jenks," said he, suppose we go and see how the carpenters and painters are getting along with the conservatory up at the house!"

"At what house?" said Uncle Jenks.

"Mine," said Mr. Haven.

"Don't you live here?" said Uncle Jenks.

"Not all the time," said Mr. Haven. "We only came here to accommodate such of our relatives as merely desire to make a convenience of us."

"Oh!" said Uncle Jenks, a slow smile beginning to break over his shrewd, brown face.

And Mary Haven confessed that her husband's advice had proved its own excellence.

Uncle Jenks, the only one of the troop who really cared two straws for them, was with them still, the rest had all been frightened away by the rusticities of the Lake Wiscomac cottage.

"And I wish them bon voyage!" said Mr. Haven, calmly.

"So do I," agreed Mary.—Saturday Night.

BOSTON'S BUSIEST WOMAN.

She Manages Her Real Estate Personally and Has Made $250,000.

Boston has among its citizens the busiest woman in the country, if her wealth and freedom from the necessity of doing the work in which she takes so much satisfaction be considered. She is worth a quarter of a million of dollars, and made the money recognizing the direction that business in a certain part of the city was going to take.

Boylston street was a residential thoroughfare when she first became acquainted with it. After a while the idea took possession of her that business was coming in that direction. She had acquired money enough to become the owner of a house, and she decided to convert it into a shop. She went to see the carpenters and builders, and bought every piece of woodwork and glass that was required in making the change from an old-fashioned home to a new-fashioned shop. She inspected the work as it proceeded, and paid off the men every Saturday night as they filed through her kitchen.

When this undertaking had turned out according to her wishes after some delay and trying waiting, she got another house and had that turned into smart shops with plate-glass windows and every other feature to attract the merchant who wanted the best quarters and could pay for them. She got a long lease on a third house after a while and altered that just as she had the others, paying the same close attention to the practical side of the work.

When all these changes were made, she did not hire a janitor to look after her buildings nor did she hand over the management of them to a firm of real estate dealers. She remained in charge so practically that to this day nobody can control them but herself. She scrubs the stairways herself, she washes the windows and she has carried the bricks from the wagon to the sidewalk they were to repair. She lives in an unoccupied basement of one of the houses, and through her kitchen and dining room passes everybody who comes to the upper rooms of the house, through the basement.

Every detail of the management of the property comes under her personal control. She began to take this close personal charge of her property when her first house was altered into a business building, and economy was at first her object. Later, she continued the work in the same way because she found it interesting, and now that her property is valued at nearly a quarter of a million of dollars, chiefly as a result of this industry, she finds nothing extraordinary in the fact that she should continue to work so hard.

There is no trace of the miser in her conduct and there are many instances of her generosity, which is especially likely to show itself toward her own sex. So there is no question of her parsimony, in spite of the way in which she lives. Sometimes her generosity to women in business has proved an expense to her, although she is proud of the fact that since the day she first went into the real estate business, nobody has lost a cent through her.—New York Sun.

HER WINGED PROTECES.

A White-Haired Lady's Banquet Every Morning for Philadelphia's Birds.

Few pedestrians who daily cross the shadow of a great oak tree that stands in Rittenhouse square know of the secret that it has shared for more than ten years with Mrs. Kate Covert and the birds of Philadelphia.

Every morning between 5 and 6 o'clock the story repeats itself. The tree suddenly darkens in a shower of birds that seem to descend from every chimney top and church spire in the city. The leaves rustle noisily in the commotion, and the branches sway lightly under the weight of their hundreds of tenants. The birds warble a few notes to the opening day, salute each other, and then all is silence again. They are waiting for Mrs. Kate Covert, and breakfast.

She has never disappointed them. "I always go to the same two trees," said their quaint benefactor, as she talked wisely of her proteges. "For I wouldn't want one of them to fly away thinking that I had not really been to see them. And they never look for me under any other tree.

"But one day they disappointed me." Mrs. Covert became grave, but there was a twinkle in her eye. "It was the first time that I had occasion to go through the square in the latter part of the day. I was distressed at first, for I felt sure that the birds would recognize me, and then seeing that I had no crumbs, would think that I was betraying them and would fly away with their faith in women shattered.

"But I had no time to pause or to change my gown. So I quietly sped through the square. Not a bird chipped 'Good morning,' or made any sign of recognition. Then I realized that it was the basket they knew, not the citizen who carried it."

But they make no discrimination in their show of gratitude when both approach at breakfast time.

The tree awakens as soon as Jessie, the dog, puts her shaggy little feet around the corner. She runs in advance of her mistress and the crumbs. The foliage grows noisy again, and the birds swing from their high pedestals to pose on Mrs. Covert's bonnet or shoulder or basket handle before joining the banquet on the ground at her feet.

It was ten years ago that this strange little woman, with hair white as snow, first carried her big crumb basket to the square. The work was begun by a wealthy woman, who died in Philadelphia a few weeks ago. She saw that the scavengers of the streets left little food for the birds, many of whom starved or flew away to perish elsewhere. She made Mrs. Covert her intermediary, and has bequeathed a legacy to the birds that will enable them to be happy and toil for many generations.

Reclaiming Great Australian Desert.

It has been discovered that a part, at least, of that region which used to be known as the Great Australian desert is capable of irrigation and cultivation. Five million acres of desert land have been reclaimed and are now under cultivation. There is plenty of water below the surface and all one has to do is to bore for it and get a plentiful supply. A large part of the interior of the island continent of Australia is still unexplored. Expeditions are now at work in the unknown region and much will be added to our knowledge of the country when they return. Should the unknown prove to be a veritable desert, incapable of reclamation, one project is to let in the waters of the Pacific ocean and form an island sea. The region of the salt lake in the interior, and, it is believed, a larger part of the desert lands, are below the level of the ocean, and no serious engineering obstacle would have to be overcome in flooding the desert. The artificial sea would be a shallow one, only navigable for vessels of light draught, but specially built vessels could be used in its commerce, and on its shores would spring up great stock farms and prosperous cities. It would open up all of Central Australia to trade, agriculture, stock raising and civilization. The cargoes gathered by the fleets of the inland sea would be taken to a port at the entrance to that body of water and from there transshipped to all parts of the world. —Boston Transcript.

One on the Dominie.

A Scotch divine took one of his parishioners to task for his non-attendance at kirk: the man said: "I dinna like lang sermons." The parson, with some wrath, replied: "John, ye'll dee and go to a place where ye'll not have the privilege of hearing long or short sermons." "That may be," said John, "but it winna be for lack of parsons."—Argonaut.

Apples in the West.

Kansans have concluded that apple culture, after all, is one of the most certain of paying crops of that state. One land-owner set out 160 acres of apple trees last spring and intends to increase the patch to 500 acres. It does not seem the "droughty Kansas" it was once reputed to be.—Meehan's Monthly.

JUST AS HE LEFT THEM.

His toys are lying on the floor,
Just as he left them there:
The painted things for keeping store,
The little broken chair:
The jumping pig, the whistling ball,
The duck, the gun, the boat,
The funny looking Chinese doll,
And bucking billy goat.

They lie about, poor, battered things,
The rabbit and the fox,
The cuckoo with the broken wings,
The Jack, sprung from his box,
Here lie his knife, his tangled string,
His bow and silver cup—
Because I'm tired of following
Around to pick them up.

—Chicago Times-Herald.

HUMOROUS.

O'Reilly—Do yez believe in Fate? O'Hoolihan—Do Oi believe in fate? Sure, how ilse could Oi walk?

Wig—Before they married she had him clean out of his mind. Wag—And now he has her clean out of his mind.

Customer—Give me one of those nickel pencils. Clerk—Here it is, sir. Hold on! this nickel is lead. Customer—So is the pencil. Ta! ta!

Sillicus—I hate to hear a woman continually talking about herself. Cynicus—Now, I rather like it. When she's talking about herself she can't talk about other people.

Hoax—Why is the merchant who doesn't advertise like a man in a rowboat? Joax—Because he goes backward, I suppose. Hoax—No: because he has to get along without sales.

"If that poet comes in tell him I've gone to Kalamazoo," said the editor. "What's up?" asked the assistant editor. "Oh! it's the compositor again," said the editor, wearily; "he made the poet say that a miss is as good as a male."

Asker—What is your understanding of the Golden Rule? Does it mean: "Do unto others as you would like to be done by?" Bizness—No; my interpretation is: "Do unto other as you would be likely to be done by."

"What is your age?" asked the lawyer. "Must I answer that?" inquired the feminine witness. "You must," said the judge. "Truthfully?" "Yes, truthfully." "O, well if I must I must," she said resignedly. "My age is—a secret."

"I can't have lost all my good looks," said Miss Northside to her best friend, Miss Shadyside, "for I can still obtain a seat in a crowded street-car." "Oh, well," replied Miss Shadyside, "you know the men will give seats to old age as well as to youthful beauty."

CHILDREN IN HOLLAND.

Little Lads and Lassies in a Scheveningen Kindergarten.

Wandering through the crooked streets of the little fishing village of Scheveningen, from which the famous Dutch watering place takes its name, I hear many shouts of laughter issuing from a garden inclosed by high walls. The gate was open and I peeped in. My curiosity was rewarded by one of the sweetest sights I have ever witnessed. About 20 little Dutch maids and lads, there ages varying from three to six years, were enjoying a game of ordinary American tag, while a little attendant of about 12 years stood by, busily knitting while she watched them. A bell sounded. They all fell in line behind the little knitter and walked demurely, two by two, in a serpentine line around the garden and disappeared in a long hall at the door of which each child took off its little wooden shoes and held them in one hand behind its back, says a writer in the Washington Star.

In the meantime the principal came out and invited me by signs to enter. In the hall I noticed the little sabots laid orderly, side by side. There were three halls in this kindergarten. In each were 50 children, between the ages of three and six years—the girls in gowns to their ankles, held out in balloon fashion with haircloth petticoats, little white shawls pinned over the shoulders and caps covering their straight yellow locks.

At this free kindergarten the children of the fisher folk, many of them fatherless, derive all care and attention. They are taught by the same methods used in Germany. All seemed bright and happy. In one room they were singing quaint little nursery rhymes about boats. So one little fellow made me understand by walking across the floor, rolling like a sailor, and then going through the motions of rowing a boat and pulling in nets. He, with great glee, made me understand that he would be a fisherman when he was "so big," stretching up his arms smoking an imaginary pipe. This amused the children so much and made them shout and laugh so loud that the teacher was obliged to send them to their seats and end our fun.

A Successful Man.

The doctor who makes a practice of telling his men patients that they work their brains too hard, and his women patients that nothing but their will keeps them up, is bound to succeed.—Detroit Free Press.

There are 300,000 French-Canadians of whom 52,000 are voters, in Massachusetts.

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LESS MOURNING WORN.

A MARKED CHANGE IN THE CUSTOM HERE IN RECENT YEARS.

The Lavish Use of Crepe Abandoned—More Freedom of Choice in the Widow's Attire—Mourning Garb of the Men—Mistakes Made About Servants.

There have been many changes in the styles of mourning in the last 15 years. In America, mourning is certainly growing lighter. It is less worn, and less of it is worn. America never did accept the ironclad French rules of mourning observances. In France, everything from the length of the veil to the number of buttons on the gloves is fixed. The exact length of time for each observance is laid down and a veil is shortened, a handkerchief border narrowed, or the engraving on a visiting card changed by schedule. Individuality doesn't cut any figure, and a departure from precedent is a scandal.

The English things are different. The English go into black upon the slightest provocation, but they wear it a very short time and exercise a certain degree of individual taste in such matters. They may mourn their dead friends and relatives as sincerely as the French do, but they wear their rule with a difference. Perhaps the inconsiderate fashion in which members of the English royal family have always insisted upon dying during the season has hardened English society to popping into black and out of it with apparent imperturbability.

American customs in mourning have followed the English lead, and the individual here has always, to a great degree, consulted his own inclination in the matter of mourning clothes and eliquette. Still some general rules have obtained, and it is undoubtedly true that these general rules have been steadily modified and that they tend toward greater freedom of action and less ostentation in mourning attire.

The lavish use of crepe which was the great feature of mourning in earlier days has been completely put aside. Crepe, in small quantities, is still used for trimming gowns for first mourning: and the famous dressmakers, whose word is law in matters of taste, contended that a widow's first mourning should always have a touch of crepe, but in mourning for any relative save a husband crepe is not essential, and even a widow rarely wears a crepe veil today.

The old fashioned crepe veil, against which physicians for so long raved in vain, has been put aside in favor of the light weight veil of nun's veiling, and even that veil is never worn over the face, as was formerly the custom. The widow's ruche of white in the bonnet is also discardel, which is rather a pity, from an aesthetic vewpoint. Many materials, never until recently considered suitable for mourning, are now admitted, and lustreless black silk is worn in first mourning, though nun's veiling, cashmere, Henrietta cloth and such materials are more popular. Uncut velvet, too, has come to the front, superseding crepe in many instances as a trimming for even the deepest mourning.

Occasionally whole gowns of crepe are still seen, and New York's most fashionable dressmakers included two gowns fashioned entirely of crepe at $12 a yard. These gowns were insisted upon by the customer and the dressmaker stoutly protested against them, declaring that, though expensive, they were not the mode. Another wealthy mourner ordered last winter from one of the leading fur houses of the city a large cloak of heavy crepe, reaching to the floor and lined throughout with dark fur. The furrier tore his hair and invoked the gods in protest, but such a cloak the customer would have and such a cloak was made for her, the price was $500.

Such mourning fads are the exception, and the desire of the average woman who is obliged to wear mourning is to have it as simple and inconspicuous as is consistent with good material and cut. If the wearing of mourning is desirable at all a woman should at least be altruist enough, even in her grief, to select becoming black. A good deal of criticism has been expended upon the woman who shows an interest in the selection of her mourning outfit, but self-respect and a certain consideration for the living ought to have a place even in a great sorrow. It is a question, too, whether the lightening of mourning and the dispensing with the show of grief which moralists have been attributing to the increasing callousness of our social life isn't, after all, a symptom of altruism as promising as college sentements and domestic science clubs. A rational idea seems to be developing that discourages the forcing of private grief upon public notice, and demands the subordination of selfish impulses toward open mourning to the cheerfulness and happiness of the living.

The wearing of mourning black by children was never so prevalent in America as in Europe, and has been practiced less an less, until now one rarely sees a child in black. The bonnet and veil worn by young women in mourning for parents are also obsolete. A widow today, if she wishes to follow conventional rules in her mourning, will wear dead black for a year. After that she will lighten her black with white or gray for a year, and at the end of that time she can, with perfect propriety, go into colors.

Lavender and violet as half mouruing are not in use, possibly because of their popularity outside of mourning, and there is much less of the gradual shading from black into colors than formerly. Now one wears black with possibly the touch of white or gray until the period of mourning is ended. Then one plunges into colors with a rush. The widow of olden time who did not wear heavy black for four years, and then slid discreetly and almost imperceptibly into colors, was guilty of an inexcusable offence against good taste and decorum.

Mourning for parents or children conventionally lasts a year, though the period is now in many instances shortened to six months, and for more distant relations six months is considered sufficient to show one's respect and affection for the deceased.

A woman in mourning can today appear with perfect propriety in public places where, 10 years ago, her presence would have been a sin against decorum, and she can entertain informally as frequently as she chooses. As for men, mourning apparel for them grows less and less customary and even a widower seldom affects funeral black. There has been a growing tendency among men to assume the black band on the coat sleeve, as a badge of mourning, but this English custom, though not as some American writers have asserted, confined to the servants in England, has little to recommend it.

American servants are seldom put into mourning for a death in their master's family, though the custom is common across the water. When the practice is adopted it is usually, from a strictly conventional point of view, misused and Americans going in for pretentious mourning would do well to remember that only those servants rightfully entitled to wear cockades have a conventional right to wear a crape band on the upper part of the left sleeve, and that according to the inflexible laws of livery, in comparison with which the laws of the Medes and the Persians were as wax, only members of the army, navy and diplomatic corps have a right to put cocades upon their servants.

Black edged visiting cards and note paper are dropped into disuse along with crape and closed window blinds and seclusion from all society, and the public attitude toward grief, while less historic than it was 50 years ago, is unquestionably more sane.—New York Sun.

DEATH IN WASP'S STING.

Two Women Who Died from Effect of Insect's Bite.

To illustrate that the stings of wasps are often dangerous a writer in the British medical journal on the subject of their stings cites the following cases which have come under his notice:

A strong, healthy girl of 27 was stung on the neck by a wasp and fainted. On recovering consciousness she complained of a general feeling of numbness and partial blindness, and vomited, she suffered severe abdominal pains. She recovered in the course of a few hours. Two months later she was stung again, this time on the hand. Her face became flushed, she again complained of numbness and blindness, suddenly became very pale, fainted, and died 25 minutes after she was stung.

Another case was that of a girl of 22, who was stung by a wasp behind the angle of the jaw. The sting was at once extracted and ammonia applied. In a few minutes she complained of faintness and would have fallen if she had not been supported. Her face assumed an expression of great anxiety and a few minutes later she was tossing on the bed, complaining of a horrible feeling of choking and of agonizing pain in the abdomen. Brandy gave no relief. There was nausea, but no vomiting. She rapidly became insensible and died 15 minutes after receiving the sting. The most probable explanation of such cases seems to lie in what is known as idiosyncrasy—that is, abnormal sensitiveness in particular individuals to certain toxic agents. It is well known that drugs vary much in action in different people. What is a safe dose for one is dangerously large for another. The inability to eat strawberries or shellfish is another instance of the same phenomenon. The active agent of bee stings is generally believed to be formic acid. It therefore seems very desirable that we should have more accurate information regarding the action of this drug on different species of the lower animals, and through them on man himself.

The World Against Him.

A man should carry the wood and sweep the steps, for the opinion of the world is what makes him, and his neighbors are his world.—Atchison Globe.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Careful inquiries made in Polynesian islands, in New Guinea, and West Africa indicate that typhoid fever does not occur in these regions, but seems to be a by-product of civilization.

Professor Lewis of Berlin has found among 300 laborers who constantly handle copper, eight men whose hair had in consequence obtained a greenish tinge, which no washing would remove. The phenomenon has been known, he says, 250 years, but it takes several years to produce it.

Prices of fine woods have recently advanced from 15 percent to 35 percent. This is caused by an increased demand for veneers for making furniture, piano cases, musical instruments, etc. The new method of decorating walls with veneers instead of tapestry or wall paper and leather has also resulted in a great increase in the demand for fancy woods.

A mountain-climbing party in the Sandwich islands was attacked by a colony of bees. They had climbed Konahunui, the highest peak near Honolulu. In descending precipitous cliffs they were attacked by the bees, which stung them when they were helpless to ward off the insects. For nearly a mile the bees followed them until they reached a point where they could defend themselves.

The chief scent trade of Europe, and indeed of the whole world, centers around Grasse, Nice and the Riviera. In all, some 4200 different species of plant are used for commercial purposes in Europe. Of these, out of 308 violet blossoms, 13 are odoriferous. Similarly, 594 blue flowers give 34 scents, 823 red give 84, 951 yellow give 77 and 1124 white flowers yield between them some 187 scented varieties.

Surgeon-General Van Reypen does not consider that Guam is a good naval station. He says that typhoid fever is practically epidemic in the island, owing to the pollution of the drinking water. There have been 25 cases and four deaths from this cause in a force of 143 men. The climate is also debilitating, but is not otherwise bad. The mean annual temperature is about 77 degrees Fahrenheit. The surgeon general considers it would be better to establish a station at Cabras island, which, as it is not inhabited at present, has its soil free from infection.

THE HUES OF THE BIRDS.

A Scientific Explanation of the Color of the Feathered Songsters.

Does light have an influence in changing the color of those parts of animals that are exposed to it generation after generation? Evidence showing that it does has been adduced, says the London Optician. The question is wide-reaching, because, if it is to be answered in the affirmative, acquired qualities must be inheritable, and the great point about which biologists have wrangled for years is settled. The action of light on colors in general is well known. It is observed in many cases with birds; at least so Messrs. Meyer and Wigglesworth concluded from their study of the birds of Celebes. They have observed several facts that support their conclusion. For instance, in the case where the wing rests on the body there is a change of color with almost all birds on the interior face of the wing feathers where these come in contact with the body when the wing is folded, and between the color of this face and that of the outside of the same feathers there is a difference that is often very marked. The part not subject to the constant action of the light is white in some birds, while exposed parts are black.

With one species of paroquet the wing feathers are blue-green on the side that touches the body and black on the other side; and it is the same with others. Another class of instances is observed when the tail feathers are partly covered by the feathers that protect them; the former are paler at their bases, and tend toward white. This is seen very clearly with several birds that have the exposed part black. The base of all feathers, where they are protected, is paler and less brilliant in tint. Light has an evident influence on the pigmentation of the plumage. The first birds mentioned are quite black when seen from above, while from below they appear white. Wherever their feathers are exposed to the sun they are black; where protected they are white. With cage birds the opposite is often seen; the plumage becomes dark when they are kept in the shade and is more brightly colored when they are exposed to light.

The Red Man's Prosperity.

Whether or not the prosperity issue had anything to do with it, a Winnebago brave, meekly followed by his fawn-eyed squaw, stalked into a large dry goods store recently and said: "Heap good times; want to buy; have much money." The first purchase was eight yards of red silk and the second a set of Sevres china.—Sioux City (Iowa) Journal.

CATCHING LIONS.

Native Who Formerly Caught Them by Their Tails.

A Mr. Freeman, who visited South Africa in the first half of the century, was able to gather much information about life and sport in that country. He gives his authority for a most singular mode of attack upon the lion. Mr. Lemue, who formerly resided at Motito, and is familiar with the Kalahari country, assured me that the remarkable accounts sometimes circulated as to the people of that part of Africa catching lions by the tail, and of which, I confess, I was very incredulous, were perfectly true. He well knows that the method prevailed, and was certainly not uncommon among the people. Lions would sometimes become extremely dangerous. Having become accustomed to human flesh, they would not willingly eat anything else. When a neighborhood became infested, the men would determine on the measures to be adopted to rid themselves of the nuisance. Then, forming themselves into a band, they would proceed in search of their royal foe. As the men stood close by one another, the lion would make a spring on some one of the party—every man, of course, hoping that he might escape the attack—when instantly others would dash forward and seize his tail close to the body, lifting him up with all their might. Thus they not only astonished the animal and took him absolutely off his guard, but they rendered his efforts powerless for the moment. Other men closed in with their spears, and pierced the monster through and through. All this was done, not for the exciting pleasure of a lion-hunt nor as an exhibition of prowess, but to rid the neighborhood of the villages of a dreadful enemy, and to save the men themselves from becoming in their turn the breakfast or the supper of this monarch of the desert.—Youths' Companion.

Portraits of Victoria's Dogs.

In a room specially set apart for royal use at Windsor are hung portraits of royal pets past and present and, as often as not, a lock of the latter's hair is placed below its counterfeit presentment. Queen Victoria has always named all her dogs herself and her majesty's record as a dog fancier goes back a long way. A good many of the dogs bred at the royal kennels are given away by their mistress and splendid canine specimens hailing from Windsor are to be found in every court in Europe. Curiously enough, the queen has never cared to exhibit her pets and, as long as a dog is handsome and healthy, she is quite indifferent to its points.

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Rinehart, Childs & Briggs,
Howard and Franklin Sts.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Flour and Produce Commission House.
Solicit consignments of Pork, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c. Guarantee full market prices and immediate returns with the cash. Refer to Z. H. CASHMAN, New Oxford, Pa.

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Our Nation has Distanced History.

The mere figures of the growth of this country stagger the understanding

In 100 years, while the population of the world has doubled, the population of the United States has increased fourteenfold. The wealth has increased fiftyfold.

In 1800 the largest fortune in the United States was $250,000 To-day there are several fortunes of more than $200,000,000. In 1800 the settled area consisted of 305,708 square miles. To-day it is over 2,000,000 square miles.

The center of population has moved from a position east of Baltimore to a point well in Indiana.

Only 4 per cent. of the people lived in cities 100 years ago. To-day the proportion is over 30 out of every 100 population.

Our agriculture, which amounted to $100,000,000 100 years ago, is now rapidly approaching $3,000,000,000 a year and the value of the farms of the country is almost $15,000,000,000.

We have more than 40 branches of manufacture which each turn out annually more than $50,000,000 worth of products, and of the 40 five turn out over $500,000,000 each.

Our metalic products are approaching the $300,000,000 mark and the other mineral products are nearly $400,000,000 per year.

Our foreign commerce of exports and imports has a total of almost $2,000,000,000 annually.

In our banks of all kinds is a capital of something like $8,000,000,000.

Thus the story goes—a record of millions becoming billions and a story of increase beyond romance.

And behold the Government itself!

In 1800 one packet sloop carried from Philadelphia to Washington all the furniture of the United States Government, together with all the Federal archives, which filled "seven large boxes and four or five smaller ones." As a contrast, see the thousands of buildings the Government owns to-day.

In only one of them has there been no great change. This is the White House. But, deficient as it is in some comforts, it still has its attractions as a place of residence.

Thought His Wife Called.

Mrs. Louisa Eckelt, 63 years old was found dead at noon Friday at her home, 405 South Bond street, under distressing conditions. Mr. Eckelt is a carpenter, and since Monday had been employed at North Point. Thursday night while in bed at the fort he awoke and says he heard some one call his name. A feeling of uneasiness came over him, and Friday morning he felt that it was his duty to come home to Baltimore and see how his wife was. When he arrived home he found the door of the house locked. He broke the door open and found his wife dead in bed.

Mrs. Eckelt had been seen about the house Thursday by her friends and neighbors, and it is thought that she died from heart trouble while asleep that night. Coroner Scally gave a certificate of death from natural causes. She leaves no children.—Baltimore Sun.

To Cure a Cold In One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grov's signature is on each box. 25c.

Pepsin preparations often fail to relieve indigestion because they can digest only albuminous foods. There is one preparation that digests all classes of food, and that is Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It cures the worst cases of indigestion and gives instant relief, for it digests what you eat. Randolph Wehler.

George W. Hoover, aged 23 year, who was stabbed by Joseph Tostin on Christmas afternoon, died Wednesday at his home near Kasieville, Franklin County. Tostin was arrested about ten days ago, near Clear Spring, Maryland, and will be arrainged for murder at the February term of court.

It would appear that crime grows with the age of the country. Scarcely a day that we do not hear of three or four horrid murders, while at the same time it is a matter of no less horrid record that hangings are of daily occurrence all over the land. Yet all this seems to inspire no fear, nor to have a tendency towards repressing crime.

Musical College.

The Musical College, Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., is recognized as one of the foremost schools of music. $33 will pay for six weeks, instructions and board. Spring term will begin May 7. For catalogue address, HENRY B. MOYER, Director.

Alverta Boese, granddaughter of Isaac Lynn, deceased, had better make her whereabouts known, if alive, for on the 2ad of February, the Orphans Court of Adams County will take under consideration the matter of declaring her legally dead. she not having been heard from for seven years.

The Blessing of Ready Cash.

Promptness in the payment of small debts as well as large ones will contribute at all seasons to the comfort of everybody, but more especially now, in the beginning of the year, when there are few who do not have something to pay or to receive. "Money makes the mare go" is an old proverb, originating very likely on the turf. It also makes business go in all its departments. Ready cash is the one essential, and when it circulates freely from hand to hand in the discharge of obligations it is as much of a blessing as the gentle dew, which descends alike upon the just and the unjust. Therefore "cash up" and help to make each other happy. Blessed are those who pay promptly, because they in their turn shall be paid.

BUCKLEN' ARNICA SALVE.—Has world wide fame for marvelous cures It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at Randolph Wehler's.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago

For sale at Wehler's drug store.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance on SATURDAY, the 19th day of JANUARY, 1901, at 10 o'clock, a. m., viz.:

78. The first and final account of John L. Jenkins, Administrator c. t. a. of Margaret Forsythe, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

79. The first and final account of Wm. C. Todt, Executor of the last will and testament of Anna Mary Myers, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

80. The first and final account of Wm. Gulden, Executor of the last will and testament of Alfred Miller, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

81. The first and final acount of Jacob Kesser, Executor of the will of Elizabeth Butt, late of East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

82. The first and final account of Elizabeth A. Schriver, Administratrix of the estate of George Schriver, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

Dec. 25 1900, td. H. G. WEHLER, Register.

Cancer Specialist.

More cures effected out of number treated, and with less pain, than any other doctor treating this disease.

DR. H. W. SWARTZ, New Oxford.

BIBLES, Any one wishing to procure a Bible or Testament —most any style, can get the same by calling at Wehler's Drug Store where they have been placed on sale. REV. F. HESSE.

Long's

There is an interesting Shoe Sale going on here.

Interesting to you because you can buy Just the shoes you neen now for a third and some a half less than the price.

All the Winter Goods must go to make room for the Spring stock.

A lot of Men's, all sorts and sizes, $1, some worth double and more.

Enamels, Patent Leather, Vici and Box Calf, Heavy Soles, some of the $2.50, $3 and $3 50 grades, go for $2.

Ladies Winter Weights begin at $1.25, and plenty of mighty good shoes among them, some you have been paying $2 and $250 for.

A lot of hand sewed Ladies' Shoes made on the new lasts, your size may be among them, they go for a fourth and a third off.

Boys' Shoes start at 50c.

Misses' and Children's begin at 50c, Infants at 25c.

LONG'S MODEL SHOE STORE,

Fountain Square, - HANOVER, PA.

MR. LEWIS RANER is at the Old Stand, the

Globe Hotel,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Ready to Receive all Old Patrons, and new ones that come this way.

BEAR'S JANUARY ✳ FAIR.

It's the greatest Bargain Feast York has ever had. It's just like a "Fair," crowd and all. If possible come; if not, send.

DRESS GOODS.

19c.

All Wool and Mohair Brocades, 36 to 42 inches wide, blacks and colors; these reduced from 25c and 35c.

25c.

40 and 45 inch All Wool Fancy Suitings, in checks, stripes and figures; these reduced from 50c.

39c.

38 to 45 inch All Wool and Wool Colored Novelties; these were from 75c to $1 a yard.

65c.

45 to 50 inch Black Brocaded Satin Soliel. Former price $1 a yard. Fair week the price is 65c a yard.

All Remnants of Dress Goods at remnant prices, less 5 per cent discount.

BLANKETS-COMFORTS.

42c.

1¼ Brown and White Blankets; were 75c pair, now 42c pair.

75c.

1¼ Tan Blankets; always were $1 per pair, now 75c pair.

69c.

1¼ Fancy Blankets that were 98c pair are now 69c pair.

$3.75.

White Wool and Scarlet Wool Blankets that were good bargains at $5, now $3.75 pair.

$1.00.

Home-made Comforts, filled with pure white cotton, reduced from $1.50 to $1.

Meritt's $4.00 Health Comforts reduced to $2.59 pair.

C. H. BEAR, - - York, Pa.

1847. ESTABLISHED 1847.

—IF IN WANT OF A—

SUIT OR OVERCOAT
FOR MAN OR CHILD,

you can find here all the latest styles, such as Raglans, Oxfords, etc., at lowest prices.

LEHMEYER & BRO.,
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5 EAST MARKET ST., - - YORK, PA.

P. S.—All the latest novelties in Hats and Caps.

Just Received
—AT THE—
GREAT BARGAIN STORE.

Fresh Hominy, Soup and Lima Beans.

Try our COFFEE that we are selling at 5c. Other brands at 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20 and 25c.

Just received a lot of Oranges and Apples which we are selling at 1c each.

All we ask is a visit, then we will make you our customers.

Respectfully

M. S. Hiteshew, ON THE SQUARE

WENTZ & BRO.,

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——The Best Place in Town for——

Dry Goods, Notions and Carpets.

We carry the largest, newest and best selection of

DRESS GOODS,

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Ladies' COATS, CAPES, FURS.

Collarettes and Scarfs, Ladies and Gents Umbrellas and Underwear, Ladies Skirts, Corsets, Kid Gloves,

Table Linens,

Napkins, Towels, Handkerchiefs, new Neckwear; Men's Suits made to order, Men's White and Percale Shirts, Neckwear, Hosiery and Gloves, CARPETS, OIL CLOTH. LACE CURTAINS, &c. Come see us or send for samples and prices.

WENTZ & BRO.

:-: THEO. E. WARNER :-:

——HAS MADE——

A BIG DROP IN BEEF

by the Quarter, for the Fall season, at his Meat Store next to Sheely & Bro.'s dry goods store, CENTER SQUARE, NEW OXFORD.

On account of the drop in the cattle market I am able to sell beef, by the quarter and half quarter at the following prices:

Hind Quarter 8 to 9c. Front Quarter 6 to 6 1-2c.

Neck and Chuck for sausage 7 to 8c. Any one needing Sausage Meat will save money by comming to see me before buying elsewhere.

Will pay 6c per pound for Pork this week.

I am buying beef hides and paying from 6 to 8c per lb for them this week.

☞Don't forget and come to see me for Beef this fall.

Stops The Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

WM. McCLEAN, Late Pres. Judge. WM. ARCH. McCLEAN

WM. & WM ARCH McCLEAN,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Penna. Office west side of Baltimore street, 3rd door from Centre Square.

Furniture.

When in need of anything in the Furniture line that I am always willing and ready to serve you. I at all times carry a full and complete line of Furniture, such as the latest designs in

BED ROOM SUITS, PARLOR SUITS, FANCY ROCKERS, DINING ROOM AFD KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Couches, Buffets, Fancy Mirrors, Bed Springs, Mattresses, &c.

Come and see me and be convinced that you need not go to some large city to get the latest styles.

My stock is as large and well selected as you will find anywhere and prices as low as the lowest.

M. R. BAUGHMAN,

113 Baltimore St., HANOVER, PA.

Western Maryland Rairoad

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P & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B. & O. R. R at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Penna. R. R. at Bruceville and Hanover, and P. W. & B., N. C. and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE & HARRISBURG DIVISION

Schedule in effect Sept. 30, 1900.

READ DOWNWARD.			STATIONS.	READ UPWARD.		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
——	5 54	——	Le Willmsp't Ar	——	——	8 21
2 07	7 02	——	—Hagerstown—	12 05	——	8 00
2 33	7 32	——	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 19	——	7 34
——	6 00	——	Le Ship'nsb'g Ar	1 00	——	8 55
1 45	6 28	——	—Chambersburg—	12 34	——	8 28
2 18	7 01	——	—Waynesboro—	11 57	——	7 51
2 26	7 25	——	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 40	——	7 35
2 41	7 35	——	Le Edg'mont Ar	11 37	——	7 34
2 53	7 48	——	Ar Highfield Le	11 21	——	7 19
2 56	7 50	——	Le Highfield Ar	11 20	——	7 16
3 24	8 16	——	—Fairfield—	10 52	——	6 48
3 33	8 24	——	—Orrtanna—	10 42	——	6 37
3 38	8 28	——	McKnightstown	10 38	——	6 32
3 42	8 32	——	—Seven Stars—	10 35	P. M	6 29
3 52	8 42	——	—Gettysburg—	10 25	1 19	5 29
4 05	9 02	——	—New Oxford—	10 04	12 57	5 55
4 18	9 07	A. M	Berlin Junction	10 01	12 54	5 52
4 31	9 29	6 00	—Hanover—	9 49	12 43	5 39
4 47	9 35	6 17	—Porters—	9 34	12 30	5 27
4 51	9 49	6 25	—Sinsheim—	9 23	12 20	5 20
5 01	9 51	6 27	—Green Ridge—	9 18	12 13	5 13
5 02	9 58	6 29	—Glenville—	9 16	12 11	5 11
5 12	10 05	6 39	—Lineboro—	9 07	12 02	5 00
5 20	10 14	6 48	—Alesia—	9 00	11 54	4 53
5 31	10 17	7 00	—Green Mount—	8 49	11 43	4 42
5 35	10 23	7 05	—Hampstead—	8 45	11 39	4 37
5 42	10 32	7 15	—Arcadia—	8 38	11 32	4 30
5 54	10 32	7 25	Woodensburg	8 27	11 21	4 19
5 58	10 35	7 30	Ar Em'y Gro Le	8 23	11 17	4 15
6 00	10 37	7 37	Le Em'ry Gro Ar	8 21	11 15	4 15
6 57	11 20	8 38	Ar Baltimor Le	7 22	10 12	3 32
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

Mixed Train leave Highfield daily except Sunday 11.40 a. m., stopping at intermediate points, arriving Hanover 4.35 p. m.

BERLIN BRANCH.—DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Leave Hanover for Berlin Junction at 6.08 and 9 52 a. m. and 12 45 and 5 42 p. m. Leave Berlin Junction for Abbottstown and East Berlin at 6.45 and 10 01 a. m., 12.55 and 5.52 p. m.

Leave East Berlin for Berlin Junction at 6.00, 8.35 a. m. and 11.30 a. m., and 3.45 p. m. Leave Berlin Junction for Hanover at 9.07 a. m. and 12.04 and 4.18 p. m.

HANOVER JUNCTION BRANCH.—Leave New Oxford for Hanover Junction and intermediate stations at 12.00 m. daily except Sunday, and leave Hanover Junction for Hanover and intermediate stations at 1 30 p. m. daily except Sunday

EASTERN EXTENSION B. & H. DIVISION —Leave Porters for York and intermediate stations at 7 30 and 9 28 a. m., and 12 34 and 5 27 p. m. Leave York for Porters and intermediate stations at 9 00 and 12 00 a.m., and 4 10 and 6 30 p.m.

ON SUNDAYS ONLY.—Leave Hanover for Baltimore and intermediate stations at 6 30 a.m Leave Baltimore for Hanover and intermediate stations at 9 35 a.m.

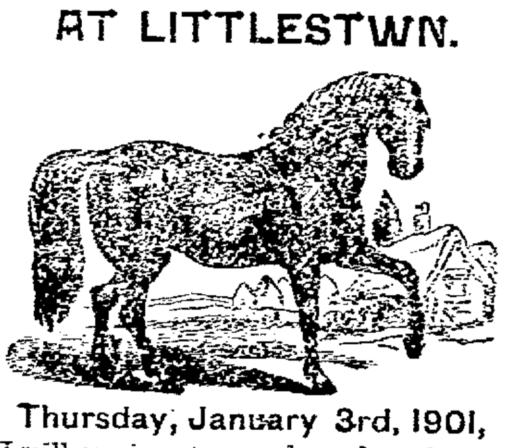
POTOMAC VALLEY RAIL ROAD.—Leave Hagerstown for Charlton, Clear Spring, Big Pool and Cherry Run at 8 10 a. m., and 12 08 and 8 05 p. m. Leave Cherry Run for Hagerstown and intermediate stations at 5 20 and 9 40 a. m., and 5 45 p.m.

CONNECTIONS AT CHERRY RUN, W. VA. B. and O. passenger trains leave Cherry Run for Cumberland and intermediate points, daily, at 8.51 a. m. Cincinnati, St. Louis and Chicago Express, daily, at 12.50 p. m. Chicago Express, daily, at 10.39 p. m.

J. M. HOOD, General Manager. B. H. GRISWOLD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
S. M. MANIFOLD, Supt, B. & H. Div. JOSEPH LEIB, Div. Passenger Agt

A CAR LOAD OF FINE

Western Horses
AT LITTLESTWN.



Thursday, January 3rd, 1901,

I will receive at my sale and exchange stables in Littlestown, on the above date a carload of fine Western Horses, consisting of drivers, workers and draught horses. Also a lot of fine Mules—broken and unbroken. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to examine this stock.

H. A. SPALDING, Littlestown, Pa.

Julius W. Fischer. Harry L. Miller.

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